

**FY 2008 Annual Consolidated Financial Results**

23 May 2008

(English translation of the Japanese original)

Listed Company Name: Nippon Sheet Glass Co., Ltd. Stock Exchange Listing: Tokyo, Osaka  
 Code Number 5202 (URL <http://www.nsggroup.net>)

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 Submission of annual financial statements to MOF: 30 June 2008  
 Payment of dividends starts from: 30 June 2008

**1. Consolidated business results for FY 2008 (From 1 April 2007 to 31 March 2008)****(1) Consolidated business results**

	Sales		Operating income		Ordinary Income		Net Income	
	million JPY	%	million JPY	%	million JPY	%	million JPY	%
FY 2008	865,587	27.0	46,462	95.0	30,437	280.4	50,416	316.8
FY 2007	681,547	156.3	23,822	182.6	8,001	(23.3)	12,095	55.8

	Net income per share - basic		Net income per share - diluted		Return on equity	Ratio of ordinary income to total assets	Ratio of operating income to net sales
	JPY		JPY		%	%	%
FY 2008	75.44		70.90		14.5%	2.2%	5.4%
FY 2007	21.85		20.28		4.2%	0.8%	3.5%

Note: Income attributable to investments in affiliates

FY 2008 JPY 10,257 million

FY 2007 JPY 2,416 million

**(2) Changes in financial position**

	Gross assets	Net assets	Equity ratio	Net assets per share
	million JPY	million JPY	%	JPY
FY 2008	1,319,290	371,998	27.2	536.37
FY 2007	1,408,983	350,625	23.9	504.55

Note: Total Equity

FY 2008 JPY 358,434 million

FY 2007 JPY 337,241 million

**(3) Consolidated statement of cash flow**

	Net cash generated from operating activities	Net cash generated from (used in) investing activities	Net cash generated from (used in) financial activities	Cash & cash equivalents as of term-end
	million JPY	million JPY	million JPY	million JPY
FY 2008	49,394	29,471	(83,616)	103,293
FY 2007	75,379	(297,644)	190,068	159,762

## 2. Dividends

	Dividends per share			Dividends paid (annual)	Payout ratio	Dividends over net assets
	Half-year	Annual	Total			
FY 2009 (forecast)	JPY 3.0	JPY 3.0	JPY 6.0		20.0%	
FY 2008 (actual)	JPY 3.0	JPY 3.0	JPY 6.0	JPY 4,009 m	7.9%	1.1%
FY 2007 (actual)	JPY 3.0	JPY 3.0	JPY 6.0	JPY 3,698 m	27.5%	1.2%

## 3. Forecast for FY 2009 (From 1 April 2008 to 31 March 2009)

	Sales		Operating income		Ordinary Income		Net Income		Net income per share
	million JPY	%	million JPY	%	million JPY	%	million JPY	%	JPY
Full year	880,000	1.7	31,000	(33.3)	18,000	(40.9)	20,000	(60.3)	29.93
First half	440,000	1.4	15,500	(42.7)	9,000	(48.0)	14,500	(71.8)	17.96

## 4. Others

- (i) Changes in status of principal subsidiaries: None
- (ii) Adoption of simplified accounting policies, procedures, and presentation
  - a. Changes implemented due to newly adopted or amended regulations: Yes
  - b. Other changes: No
- (iii) Number of issued ordinary shares
  - a. Number of ordinary shares, inclusive of treasury shares 669,550,999 (31 March 2007: 669,550,999)
  - b. Number of treasury shares 1,290,932 (31 March 2007: 1,147,732)

Unconsolidated financial results of the parent company (From 1 April 2007 to 31 March 2008)

- (1) Stand-alone business results      Note:      Fractional amounts rounded down to nearest million yen  
 Percentages indicate year-on-year change

	Sales		Operating income		Ordinary Income		Net income	
	million JPY	%	million JPY	%	million JPY	%	million JPY	%
FY 2008	169,514	(4.6)	(1,314)	-	(4,596)	-	(10,910)	-
FY 2007	177,672	3.2	(1,521)	-	(2,513)	-	17,516	1,352.4

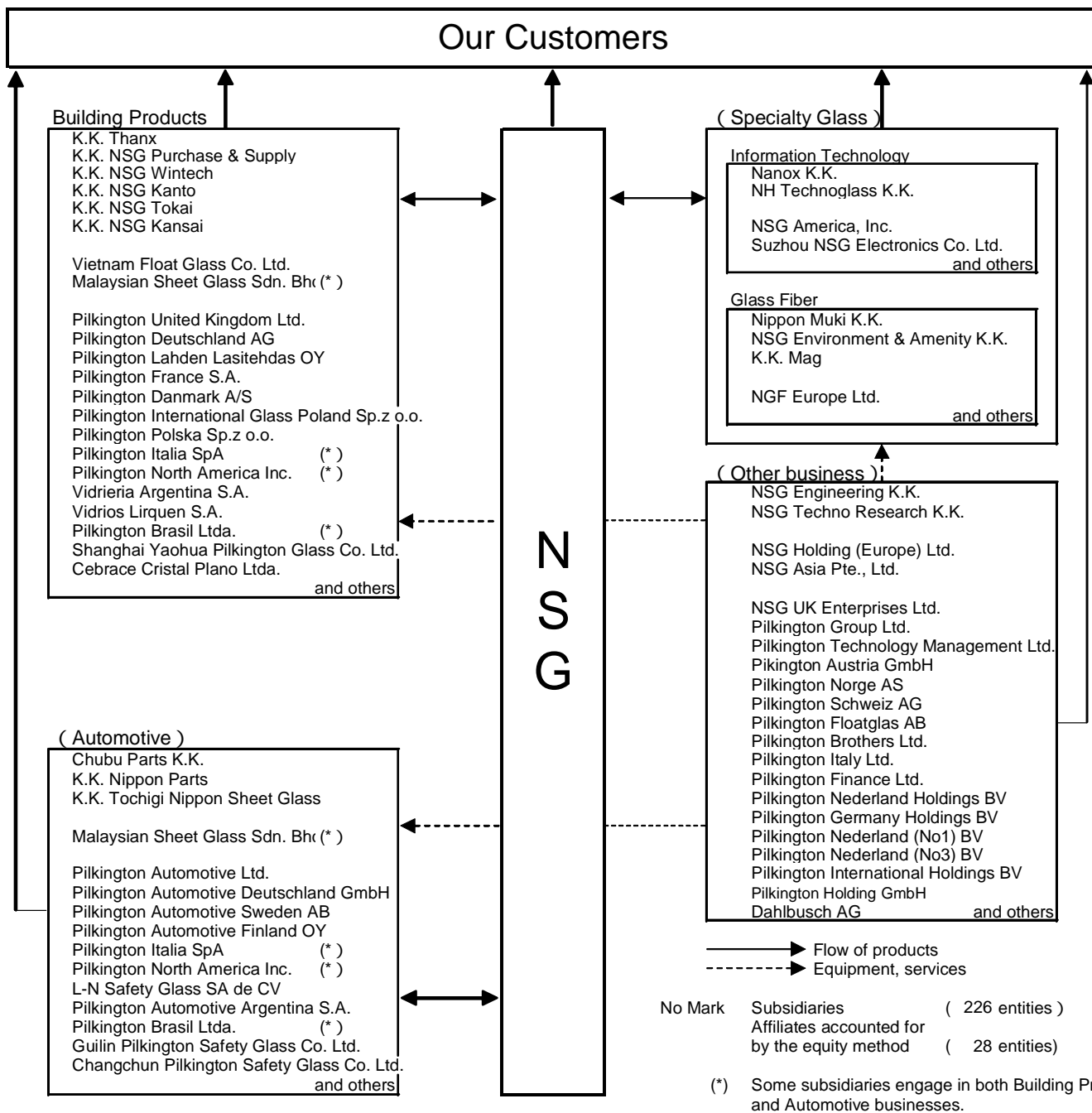
	Net income per share		Diluted earnings per share	
FY 2008	JPY	(16.33)	JPY	(15.34)
FY 2007	JPY	31.64	JPY	29.38

	Gross assets	Net assets	Equity ratio	Net assets per share	Note: shareholders equity
	million JPY	million JPY	%	JPY	million JPY
FY 2008	511,573	274,717	53.7	410.71	FY 2008 274,463
FY 2007	553,583	305,899	55.3	457.62	FY 2007 305,872

**Explanation for the appropriate usage of performance projections and other special items**

- The projections contained in this document are based on information currently available to us and certain assumptions that we consider to be reasonable. Hence the actual results may differ.  
The major factors that may affect the results are the economic environment in major markets (such as Japan, Europe, North and South America, and Asia), product supply/demand shifts, fluctuations in currency exchange and interest rates as well as price changes in primary fuels and raw materials.
- The Group has adopted "Net Debt" (interest bearing debt minus cash and cash equivalents) as a Key Performance Indicator. The chart below shows the movement of Net Debt following the acquisition of Pilkington plc in June 2006.

		<b>Net Debt</b>
		JPY million
FY 2007 1st Quarter	30 June 2006	514,097
FY 2007 Full year	31 March 2007	400,203
FY 2008 Full year	31 March 2008	328,479



## I. Business Performance and Financial Standing

### a) Background to Results

Western European economies continued to slow, with a consequent deterioration in market conditions, although Eastern European economies recorded a steady expansion. Prices and volumes came under increasing pressure during the second half of the financial year. Production of new cars in Europe has been flat, but the European Automotive Glass Replacement (AGR) market remains strong.

In Japan, the outlook remains uncertain, due to increases in energy prices and the global credit crunch. Building Products sales have continued to be adversely affected by building permit delays, and new housing starts reduced year-on-year. Vehicle build in Japan remains robust, with reductions in domestic demand being offset by increasing exports.

The North American economy continues to slow, with a further decline in the domestic housing market, and a weak commercial building market. New car production is slowing in an extremely competitive market. In addition, there are indications that the AGR market is also being adversely impacted by the economic slow-down.

Most of the emerging economies in which the Group operates continue to perform well, particularly South America.

In the information technology and electronics sector, worldwide shipments of PCs, cellular phones, and other IT equipment continue to grow. The glass fiber sector is also experiencing robust demand in relevant markets, including Europe.

Following the acquisition of Pilkington plc in June 2006, the results of the Pilkington Group have been fully consolidated. The financial results for the year to 31 March 2008 include 12 months of Pilkington trading, whereas the financial results of the year to 31 March 2007 included 9 months of Pilkington trading. This factor, combined with other improvements, means that sales, operating income, and ordinary income have increased substantially in the current financial year.

### b) Review by Business Segment

The Groups' business lines cover three core product sectors; Building Products, Automotive, and Specialty Glass.

The Building Products segment includes the manufacture and sale of flat glass and various interior, and exterior glazing products within the building products market.

The Automotive segment provides a wide range of automotive glazing for new vehicles and for replacement markets.

The Specialty Glass segment consists of two sub-segments; Information Technology and Glass Fiber. The Information Technology sub-segment consists primarily of the manufacture and sale of micro-optics and very thin glass, and the Glass Fiber sub-segment includes the manufacture and sale of glass fiber products, such as air filters, battery separators and components for engine timing belts.

The table below shows a summary of the results by business line.

JPY millions	Sales		Operating income	
	FY 2008	FY 2007	FY 2008	FY 2007
<b>Building Products*</b>	402,468	320,357	31,338	16,479
<b>Automotive*</b>	364,818	268,229	23,939	13,039
<b>Specialty Glass</b>	83,589	78,674	9,029	6,072
<b>Other Operations*</b>	14,712	14,287	(17,844)	(11,768)
<b>Total</b>	<b>865,587</b>	<b>681,547</b>	<b>46,462</b>	<b>23,822</b>

\* Part of the increase is due to the additional period of consolidation of Pilkington figures (see background to results above)

During the year, the European Commission levied a fine of Euro 140 million on the Building Products business. The fine followed the investigation into the European Building Products glass sector. As this had been provided for in the previous year's accounts, there was no additional charge to the income statement in FY08. This fine was paid in March 2008. A European Commission decision concerning a potential fine to be levied on the European Automotive business is still outstanding.

During the year, the Group's Australasian Building Products and Automotive businesses were sold to CSR Limited. Further details are set out on page 30.

On 28 February 2008 the Company announced an enhanced early retirement plan (EERP) in Japan. On 7 May 2008 the Company announced that approximately 220 employees would retire under the plan. This is expected to result in an approximate annual cost saving of ¥ 3 billion, following a one-off cost of ¥ 12.5 billion.

### c) Building Products (BP) Business

The Building Products business has performed strongly, despite particularly challenging market conditions in Japan and North America.

In the Building products business line, Europe represents 56 per cent of sales, Japan 26 per cent, and North America 8 per cent. The rest arises in other areas of the world.

In Europe, profit performance was strong across all regions and products, with prices higher than the previous year, offsetting increased input costs. Trading conditions in the second half of the year were not as strong as the first half, due to rising input costs and softening demand.

In Japan, market conditions remain challenging, with changes in regulation negatively affecting housing starts. This resulted in increasingly tough competition amongst downstream manufacturers, with reduced volumes and increasing levels of over-capacity.

In North America, the business operated in difficult conditions, with weak residential glass demand, although the reduced domestic demand was partly offset by a greater proportion of value-added product sales. In South America, the business continues to benefit from the growing demand in local markets, while in South East Asia, the Group's business continued to show an improvement over the previous year.

As a result, the Building Products business line achieved sales of ¥ 402.468 billion (¥ 320.357 billion FY07), and an operating income of ¥ 31.338 billion (¥ 16.479 billion FY07).

#### **d) Automotive Glass Business**

The Automotive business also performed strongly, with most businesses experiencing continued year-on-year growth.

Sales in the Automotive Glass Replacement (AGR) business have also shown a strong year-on-year increase, being 5 per cent up on the previous year on a full-year pro forma basis. At constant exchange rates, there is a year-on-year improvement in all AGR regions. During the year the business acquired an AGR company operating in Hungary and Romania.

In the Automotive business line, Europe represents 53 per cent of sales, Japan 15 per cent, and North America 22 per cent. The rest arise in other areas of the world.

In Europe, the market for light vehicles has fallen by approximately 0.5 per cent. Nevertheless, due to the success of new models it supplies, the Group's sales volume in the region continues to outperform the market trend, with very strong growth over the previous year. European AGR sales have also increased strongly, due to continuing improvements in competitiveness and major contract renewals.

In Japan, vehicle build was up by 2.5 per cent, reflecting a 5.5 per cent reduction in year-on-year domestic sales, offset by increased export volumes. Sales reduced slightly, due to a slow ramp-up of recently introduced new models. However, profitability improved, due to efficiency gains and cost reductions.

In North America, where overall light vehicle build is around 4 per cent down on last year, sales to OE manufacturers have nevertheless shown year-on-year growth, although this is offset by exchange movements. Sales in the AGR market are also stronger than in the previous year at constant exchange rates.

In South America, light vehicle demand has risen by around 29 per cent year-on-year, and the Group experienced an increase in sales of the same magnitude. In China, the market continues to expand rapidly and the emphasis on further improvements in cost and operational efficiency of the business has improved both turnover and profitability.

As a result, the Automotive business line achieved sales of ¥ 364.818 billion (¥ 268.229 billion FY07), and an operating income of ¥ 23.939 billion (¥ 13.039 billion FY07).

#### **e) Specialty Glass Business**

In the IT market, sales of glass substrate, used within passive LCD and touch panel display applications were strong throughout the period. Sales of lens products for multi-function printers were also strong, especially in the first half of the year.

In the Glass Fiber business within Europe, the Group experienced robust demand for its glass cord products throughout the financial year. In Japan, sales of battery separator products were consistent with the previous year, although demand for air filter products was sluggish, due to market conditions in the semi-conductor industry.

As a result, the Specialty Glass business line achieved sales of ¥ 83.589 billion (¥ 78.674 billion FY07), and an operating income of ¥ 9.029 billion (¥ 6.072 billion FY07).

#### f) Other Operations

This segment covers corporate costs and engineering income, but also includes small businesses not included in Building Products, Automotive and Specialty Glass. This segment saw an increase in general corporate expenses, due to the consolidation of Pilkington's central costs for 12 months rather than 9 months in the previous year.

Consequently, this segment recorded sales of ¥ 14.712 billion (¥ 14.287 billion FY07), and an operating expense of ¥ 17.844 billion (¥ 11.768 billion FY07).

#### g) Joint Ventures and Associated Companies

The Group's share of the post-tax results of its joint venture and associated companies is included within non-operating income in the income statement, and increased by ¥ 7.840 billion to ¥ 10.257 billion. This reflects the consolidation of Pilkington for the full 12-month period, and also an improvement in the results of the Group's largest affiliated companies.

Cebrace, the Group's joint venture company in Brazil, performed strongly during the period, with significantly improved profits. In Russia, the Group's joint venture company, Pilkington Glass Russia LLC, also improved its trading profitability.

During the year, the Group increased its shareholdings in China Glass Holdings Ltd and JV investments Ltd, both of which are holding companies, owning glass manufacturing assets in China. As a result, both investments are now classed as associated companies within the Group's financial statements and accounted for using the equity method.

NH Techno Glass Co. Ltd., the Group's joint venture company in the LCD substrate business, achieved an improved operational performance, generating a significant increase in its profit from the same period of last year, when it suffered production problems. On 9 May 2008, the Group announced that it had reached an agreement to sell its shareholding in NH Techno Glass Co. Ltd to the Carlyle Group for an indicative consideration of ¥ 40.6 billion. See page 32 for further details.

## II. Financial condition

Total assets at the end of March 2008 were ¥ 1,319.290 billion, representing a decrease of ¥ 89.693 billion from March 2007.

Net financial indebtedness decreased by ¥ 71.724 billion from 31 March 2007 to ¥ 328.479 billion at the period end, due to the proceeds from the sale of the Australasian business and the Group's continued efforts to reduce debt



following the acquisition of Pilkington. Currency movements generated a reduction in net debt of ¥ 6.200 billion over the period. Gross debt was ¥ 456.408 billion at the period end.

In the cash flow statement, cash from operations recorded an inflow of ¥ 49.394 billion, although this included a cash payment of ¥ 24.300 billion to settle the fine levied following the Building Products EU competition investigation. Cash from investment activities showed an inflow of ¥ 29.471 billion, which included the proceeds from the sale of the Australasian business.

### Cash flow indices

	FY 2008	FY 2007	FY 2006	FY 2005
Equity ratio	27.2%	23.9%	40.0%	48.1%
Equity ratio based on market value	22.3%	29.3%	48.8%	47.2%
Interest-bearing debts over net cash provided by operating activities	9.2	7.4	15.3	7.2
Interest coverage ratio	1.8	3.9	9.0	8.3

Notes:

Formulas for the computation of indices

Equity ratio: (Net assets – Minority interest – Stock options) / Total assets

Equity ratio based on market value: Total market capitalization / Total assets

Interest coverage ratio: Operating cash flows / Interest payment

1. All of the indices presented above are calculated based on consolidated financial figures.
2. Total market capitalization is calculated based on the number of outstanding shares after the deduction of treasury stocks.
3. Operating cash flows represent net cash provided by operating activities in the cash-flow statement.
4. Interest bearing debts represent all debts on the consolidated balance sheet for which interest is paid.

### III. Prospects

#### 1. Building Products (BP) Business

The trends evident in the second half of FY08 are expected to continue through FY09. In Europe, demand has weakened with the general economic slowdown, and significant recovery is not anticipated during FY09. In Japan, market conditions remain weak, although some profit improvement is anticipated as the benefits of restructuring are realized. In North America, the outlook for the domestic residential glass market remains difficult, but the business will continue to concentrate on value-added products.

In all markets, input costs of energy and other raw materials are expected to rise significantly. Combined with the challenging economic outlook it will be difficult to maintain current levels of profitability.

#### 2. Automotive Glass Business

Continuing increases in oil prices and the global economic outlook are depressing automotive demand. OE sales in Europe, Japan and N. America are expected to be relatively flat. Sales in AGR and in South America are expected to increase. Despite the anticipated difficult economic conditions, the business will continue to develop new and high value-added products, drive efficiency improvements and reduce costs.

### 3. Specialty Glass Business

Competition in the Group's IT markets will continue to be intense, and as a result a slight decrease in revenue from the IT business is expected. To mitigate these challenging market conditions, the business will focus on the launch of new products.

In glass fiber markets, despite tough competition, we expect slight growth in revenues, with an expansion of the business into new markets and applications.

## IV. Dividend Policy

The Group's policy is to secure stable dividend payments based on stable business results. The Group intends to distribute a year end dividend of ¥ 3 per share. The full-year dividend payment will be ¥ 6 per share including the interim dividend of ¥ 3 per share.

## V. Management Policy and Long-Term Mission and Strategy

The fundamental principles of the Company's basic management policy are ensuring open and fair business dealings, adhering to corporate ethical standards, and contributing to the resolution of global environmental issues; all aimed at establishing a company with a spirit of innovation and a global presence, and maximizing Group company value for all stakeholders.

The mission of the NSG Group is to be the global leader in the manufacture and supply of glass products through the best use of our people and technology, and by the pursuit of innovation. The Company is organized around three business lines; Building Products, Automotive and Specialty Glass.

We are following a clear three-phase strategy to achieve our Medium Term Plan, details of which we first published in 2006. We are currently in Phase 1, which extends from 2007 to 2010, during which our aim is to create a new entity focused on differentiating ourselves from competitors, maximizing productivity and operational quality while re-establishing our financial foundations. In Phase 2 we intend to achieve aggressive growth in the flat glass business, expanding geographically, particularly into emerging markets. We aim to improve competitiveness, launch major new products, improve R&D and foster our key technologies. In Phase 3, we will be exploring new areas for further growth, as well as exploring new businesses by leveraging both our customer base and our technical and operational competencies, pursuing acquisitions, mergers, and alliances in adjacent areas.

## VI. Consolidated financial statements

## Balance sheet

	FY 2008	FY 2007	Difference
	in JPY million	in JPY million	in JPY million
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>I. Current assets</b>			
1. Cash and deposits	127,928	160,914	(32,985)
2. Notes and account receivables – trade	145,560	148,584	(3,024)
3. Inventories	119,488	113,259	6,228
4. Deferred tax assets (current)	7,375	3,095	4,279
5. Other current assets	26,412	44,371	(17,958)
6. Allowance for doubtful accounts	(4,830)	(4,388)	(441)
Total: Current assets	421,935	465,836	(43,901)
<b>II. Fixed assets</b>			
1. Tangible assets			
(1) Buildings & structures	80,700	83,844	(3,143)
(2) Machinery & vehicles	217,410	222,165	(4,754)
(3) Tools & dies	19,910	25,985	(6,075)
(4) Land	54,041	57,213	(3,171)
(5) Construction in progress	3,410	7,376	(3,966)
Total: Tangible fixed assets	375,474	396,586	(21,111)
2. Intangible assets			
(1) Goodwill	181,167	204,883	(23,715)
(2) Other intangible assets	171,506	194,614	(23,107)
Total: Intangible fixed assets	352,674	399,498	(46,823)
3. Investments & other assets			
(1) Investments	99,867	126,855	(26,988)
(2) Loan receivable (non-current)	9,083	11,093	(2,009)
(3) Prepaid expenses (non-current)	2,193	1,298	894
(4) Deferred tax assets (non-current)	51,431	1,150	50,281
(5) Other non-current assets	7,616	7,591	24
(6) Allowance for doubtful accounts	(987)	(927)	(59)
Total: Investments & other assets	169,205	147,062	22,143
Total: Fixed assets	897,354	943,146	(45,792)
<b>Total : Assets</b>	<b>1,319,290</b>	<b>1,408,983</b>	<b>(89,693)</b>

Explanatory notes to the balance sheet are set out on page 22.

## Balance sheet (continued)

	FY 2008	FY 2007	Difference
	in JPY million	in JPY million	in JPY million
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>I. Current liabilities</b>			
1. Notes and accounts payable - trade	98,955	98,291	663
2. Short-term bank borrowings	92,956	107,316	(14,360)
3. Bonds maturing within one year	10,000	-	10,000
4. Accounts payable (construction and other)	22,788	17,580	5,208
5. Accrued income tax	16,732	41,510	(24,777)
6. Accrued Japanese consumption tax	672	347	324
7. Accrued expenses	36,893	41,037	(4,144)
8. Deposits from customers	3,793	4,128	(335)
9. Provision for employees' bonuses	2,530	2,481	49
10. Provision for directors' bonuses	135	64	71
11. Provision for losses incurring from enhanced early retirement program	12,519	-	12,519
12. Provision arising from alleged violation of competition law of the European Union	49,992	78,118	(28,125)
13. Provision for warranties and claims	7,322	-	7,322
14. Deferred tax liabilities (current)	2	3,062	(3,060)
15. Other current liabilities	34,480	43,650	(9,169)
Total: Current liabilities	389,775	437,589	(47,814)
<b>II. Non-current liabilities</b>			
1. Bonds	33,000	43,000	(10,000)
2. Long-term bank borrowings	320,452	410,800	(90,348)
3. Accrued retirement benefits for employees	75,026	86,034	(11,007)
4. Accrued retirement benefits for directors	436	1,563	(1,127)
5. Provision for rebuilding furnaces	9,763	9,237	526
6. Environmental provision	7,247	-	7,247
7. Deferred tax liabilities (non-current)	90,413	49,869	40,543
8. Other non-current liabilities	21,176	20,261	914
Total: Non-current liabilities	557,516	620,768	(63,252)
<b>Total : Liabilities</b>	<b>947,291</b>	<b>1,058,358</b>	<b>(111,066)</b>
<b>NET ASSETS</b>			
<b>I. Shareholders' Equity</b>			
1. Common stock	96,147	96,147	-
2. Capital surplus	105,292	105,289	2
3. Retained earnings	152,097	105,914	46,183
4. Treasury stocks - at cost	(541)	(450)	(91)
Total: Shareholders' equity	352,995	306,900	46,094
<b>II. Valuation &amp; translation adjustments</b>			
1. Unrealized holding gain on securities	9,194	25,881	(16,687)
2. Net unrealized loss on derivative instruments	(127)	(3,048)	2,920
3. Foreign currency translation adjustments	(3,626)	7,507	(11,134)
Total: Valuation & translation adjustments	5,439	30,340	(24,901)
<b>III. Stock Options</b>	253	26	227
<b>IV. Minority interests in consolidated subsidiaries</b>	13,310	13,357	(47)
<b>Total: Net assets</b>	<b>371,998</b>	<b>350,625</b>	<b>21,373</b>
<b>Total: Liabilities &amp; Net Assets</b>	<b>1,319,290</b>	<b>1,408,983</b>	<b>(89,693)</b>

**Income statement**

	<b>FY 2008</b>		<b>FY 2007</b>		<b>Difference</b>	
	JPY million		JPY million		JPY million	
<b>I. Net sales</b>		865,587		681,547		184,040
<b>II. Cost of sales</b>		594,379		478,700		115,678
Gross Income		271,208		202,846		68,361
<b>III. Selling, general and administrative expenses</b>		224,746		179,024		45,722
Operating income		46,462		23,822		22,639
<b>IV. Non-operating income</b>						
1. Interest and dividend income	9,645		6,446		3,199	
2. Equity in earnings of affiliates	10,257		2,416		7,840	
3. Other non-operating income	1,785	21,688	6,613	15,476	(4,827)	6,212
<b>V. Non-operating expense</b>						
1. Interest expense	25,497		23,060		2,437	
2. Other non-operating expense	12,216	37,713	8,237	31,297	3,978	6,415
Ordinary income		30,437		8,001		22,436

Explanatory notes to the income statement are set out on page 23.

## Income statement (continued)

	FY 2008		FY 2007		Difference	
	JPY million		JPY million		JPY million	
<b>VI. Extraordinary income</b>						
1. Gain from sale of fixed assets	2,679		3,696		(1,017)	
2. Gain from sale of investments in securities	13,414		44,828		(31,413)	
3. Gain from sale of investments in subsidiaries and affiliates	12		46		(33)	
4. Gain from sale of discontinued operation	30,831		-		30,831	
5. Gain from discharge of furnace repair provision	-		1,064		(1,064)	
6. Gain from sale of business	-		406		(406)	
7. Income from discontinued operations	497		1,513		(1,015)	
8. Insurance income	1,761		-		1,761	
9. Gain incurred from prior year adjustments	2,072	51,268	-	51,555	2,072	(286)
<b>VII. Extraordinary loss</b>						
1. Loss from sale and disposal of fixed assets	1,574		7,296		(5,722)	
2. Impairment of fixed assets	1,699		683		1,016	
3. Revaluation of investments in securities	474		292		181	
4. Loss from sale of investments in securities	3		-		3	
5. Revaluation of investments in subsidiaries & affiliates	1,206		135		1,070	
6. Liquidation of investments in subsidiaries & affiliates	58		-		58	
7. Loss from sale of investments in subsidiaries & affiliates	-		1,141		(1,141)	
8. Loss from revaluation & sale of golf playing rights	164		-		164	
9. Special support for early retirees	614		-		614	
10. Provision for loss deriving from enhanced early retirement program	12,519		-		12,519	
11. Loss from revaluation of inventories	843		-		843	
12. Expenses incurred upon acquisition of Pilkington	-		10,479		(10,479)	
13. Loss incurred due to withdrawal of business	288		1,373		(1,084)	
14. Expenses incurred upon relocation of head office	-	19,447	95	21,498	(95)	(2,050)
<b>Net income before taxation and minority interest</b>		62,258		38,057		24,200
Income tax - current	13,800		28,068		(14,267)	
Previous year tax adjustments	1,195		-		1,195	
Income tax - deferred	(5,411)	9,584	(5,063)	23,004	(347)	(13,419)
Minority interest in net income of subsidiaries		2,256		2,957		(701)
<b>Net income</b>		50,416		12,095		38,321

## Movement in net assets

FY 2008 (From 1 April 2007 to 31 March 2008)

(in JPY million)

	Shareholders' Equity					Valuation & translation adjustments				Stock options	Minority interest	Total
	Common stocks	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Sub-total	Unrealized holding gain on securities	Net unrealized holding loss on derivatives	Net unrealized translation adjustments	Foreign currency translation			
<b>Balance: as of 31 March 2007</b>	<b>96,147</b>	<b>105,289</b>	<b>105,914</b>	<b>(450)</b>	<b>306,900</b>	<b>25,881</b>	<b>(3,048)</b>	<b>7,507</b>	<b>30,340</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>13,357</b>	<b>350,625</b>
Changes during the period:												
Dividends			(4,010)		(4,010)							(4,010)
Net income			50,416		50,416							50,416
Acquisition of treasury shares				(99)	(99)							(99)
Disposal of treasury shares		2		8	10							10
New inclusion of a subsidiary			(223)		(223)							(223)
Changes in unrealized holding gain, hedges, etc.						(16,687)	2,920	(11,134)	(24,901)	227	(47)	(24,721)
Total		2	46,183	(91)	46,094	(16,687)	2,920	(11,134)	(24,901)	227	(47)	21,373
<b>Balance: as of 31 March 2008</b>	<b>96,147</b>	<b>105,292</b>	<b>152,097</b>	<b>(541)</b>	<b>352,995</b>	<b>9,194</b>	<b>(127)</b>	<b>(3,626)</b>	<b>5,439</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>13,310</b>	<b>371,998</b>

FY 2007 (From 1 April 2006 to 31 March 2007)

(in JPY million)

	Shareholders' Equity					Valuation & translation adjustments				Stock options	Minority interest	Total
	Common stocks	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Sub-total	Unrealized holding gain on securities	Net unrealized holding loss on derivatives	Net unrealized translation adjustments	Foreign currency translation			
<b>Balance: as of 31 March 2006</b>	<b>41,060</b>	<b>50,374</b>	<b>95,791</b>	<b>(335)</b>	<b>186,891</b>	<b>50,338</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>1,054</b>	<b>51,393</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3,315</b>	<b>241,599</b>
Changes during the period:												
Conversion of MSCB to shares	55,086	54,913			110,000							110,000
Dividends			(3,021)		(3,021)							(3,021)
Net income			12,095		12,095							12,095
Acquisition of treasury shares				(119)	(119)							(119)
Disposal of treasury shares		1		4	4							4
New inclusion of a subsidiary			29		29							29
Adjustments due to mergers of subsidiaries			36		36							36
Adjustments due to implementation of PITF No.18			983		983							983
Changes in unrealized holding gain, hedges, etc.						(24,457)	(3,048)	6,453	(21,052)	26	10,041	(10,983)
Total	55,086	54,915	10,123	(115)	129,009	(24,457)	(3,048)	6,453	(21,052)	26	10,041	109,025
<b>Balance: as of 31 March 2007</b>	<b>96,147</b>	<b>105,289</b>	<b>105,914</b>	<b>(450)</b>	<b>306,900</b>	<b>25,881</b>	<b>(3,048)</b>	<b>7,507</b>	<b>30,340</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>13,357</b>	<b>350,625</b>

Explanatory notes to the movement in net assets are set out on pages 24 and 25

**Cash-flow statement**

	Notes	FY2008	FY 2007	Difference
		JPY million	JPY million	JPY million
<b>I. Cash flows from operating activities:</b>				
Income before income taxes and minority interests		62,258	38,057	24,200
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation and amortization (excluding goodwill)		63,615	51,350	12,265
Amortization of goodwill		10,330	8,316	2,014
Loss on impairment of fixed assets		1,699	683	1,016
Allowance for doubtful debts		(236)	983	(1,219)
Provision for employees' bonuses		124	(78)	202
Accrued retirement benefits		6,052	(5,925)	11,978
Sale of investments in securities		(13,414)	(44,828)	31,413
Sale of discontinuing operations		(30,831)	-	(30,831)
Interest and dividend income		(9,645)	(6,446)	(3,199)
Interest expense		25,497	23,060	2,437
(Increase) decrease of note and account receivable		(4,023)	6,206	(10,230)
(Increase) decrease of inventories		(9,263)	2,822	(12,086)
Increase (decrease) of note and account payable		9,872	4,822	5,050
Other, net		(14,494)	13,636	(28,132)
Sub total		97,541	92,661	4,879
Interest and dividend income received		12,927	9,925	3,001
Interest paid		(27,100)	(19,277)	(7,822)
Income taxes paid		(33,974)	(7,930)	(26,043)
Net cash provided by operating activities		49,394	75,379	(25,984)
<b>II. Cash flows from investing activities:</b>				
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(46,636)	(49,355)	2,719
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		3,965	12,822	(8,857)
Acquisition of investments in securities		(49)	(4,710)	4,661
Proceeds from sale of investments in securities		15,463	54,620	(39,156)
Acquisition of investments in subsidiaries and affiliates	2	(7,231)	(317,012)	309,781
Sale of investments in subsidiaries and affiliates		43	7,968	(7,914)
Proceeds from sale of discontinued operations		66,105	-	66,105
Other, net		(2,190)	(1,966)	(224)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		29,471	(297,644)	327,115
<b>III. Cash flows from financing activities:</b>				
Increase / (Decrease) in short-term borrowings		1,385	(2,474)	3,859
Proceeds from long-term loan payable		25,177	293,672	(268,494)
Repayment of long-term loan payable		(104,071)	(97,052)	(7,019)
Cash dividends paid		(4,026)	(3,029)	(996)
Other, net		(2,081)	(1,046)	(1,034)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(83,616)	190,068	(273,685)
IV. Effect of foreign exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents		(13,101)	12,740	(25,841)
V. Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(17,852)	(19,455)	1,603
VI. Opening cash and cash equivalents at 1 April		159,762	179,158	(19,396)
VII. Decrease due to change in scope of cash and cash equivalents		(38,711)	-	(38,711)
VIII. Increase due to change in scope of consolidation		96	-	96
IX. Increase due to inclusion of new subsidiaries		-	59	(59)
X. Closing cash and cash equivalents at 31 March	1	103,293	159,762	(56,468)

Explanatory notes to the cash-flow statement are set out on page 26



## 1. Summary of significant accounting policies

### a) Scope of consolidation

	<u>Count</u>	<u>Notes</u>
(1) Consolidated subsidiaries as of 31 March 2008	226	34 located in Japan, 192 located outside of Japan
(2) Subsidiaries not included in the consolidation	30	None are accounted for by the equity-method
(3) Joint ventures and affiliates	45	28 are accounted for by the equity-method
(4) Changes in scope of consolidation		
Newly added to the group in the period	13	Tianjin NSG Safety Glass Co. Ltd. and others
Removed from the group in the period	24	Pilkington Australia Finance Pty Ltd. and others
Affiliates newly accounted by equity-method	3	China Glass Holdings Ltd. and others
Affiliates ceased to be accounted by equity method	5	PGA Developments Ltd. and others

Other than the disposal of Pilkington Australia Finance Pty Ltd., the above changes are not expected to have a material impact on the scale of the Group's operations.

### b) Balance sheet dates of consolidated subsidiaries

The balance sheet date for K.K Thanx Corporation and 20 other consolidated subsidiaries is 31 December.

NSG Europe N.V./S.A. has changed its balance sheet date from 31 December to 31 March, therefore results for 15 months (1 January 2007 to 31 March 2008) have been included in the consolidation.

NSG Hokkaido K.K., which previously had a year balance sheet date of 28 February, was merged with another consolidated subsidiary within the group on 1 July 2007, and now has a new half year balance sheet date of 31 December. NSG Hokkaido K.K.'s result for the period of four months (1 March 2007 to 30 June 2007) has been included in the consolidation.

Any significant differences in inter-company accounts and transactions arising from intervening inter-company transactions during the periods from 1 January 2008 to 31 March 2008 have been adjusted, if required.

### c) Accounting policies and practices

#### Securities

Other investments

- Marketable securities  
Marketable securities are stated at fair value. Changes in unrealized holding gain or loss charged directly to net assets.
- Non-marketable securities  
Stated at cost determined by the moving-average method

#### Derivatives

Derivatives are stated at their fair market value

## Inventories

- Parent company and subsidiaries in Japan:  
Principally stated at cost determined by the moving-average method
- Subsidiaries located outside Japan:  
Principally stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value, determined by the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

## Tangible fixed assets

- Parent company and subsidiaries in Japan:

Depreciation is calculated at rates based on the estimated useful lives of the respective assets by the declining-balance method, except for the depreciation of buildings (other than structures attached to the buildings) acquired on or after 1 April 1998, which is calculated by the straight-line method.

The estimated useful lives adopted are as follows:

Buildings and structures	3-50 years
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	3-15 years

- Subsidiaries located outside Japan:

Depreciation is calculated at rates based on the estimated useful lives of the respective assets by the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives adopted are as follows:

Buildings and structures	20-50 years
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	5-25 years

- Changes in accounting policies:

In light of a recent amendment of Japanese taxation law, the Company has changed its depreciation method for tangible fixed assets acquired after 1 April 2007, to the method defined in the amended law. Due to this change, operating income decreased by ¥ 294 million, and net income before extraordinary items and net income before taxation decreased by ¥ 295 million.

As a result of the amendment of Japanese taxation law, tangible fixed assets acquired before and on 31 March 2007 are depreciated to the value of 5% of the acquisition cost, as defined in the law prior to the amendment. After reaching 5% of the acquisition cost, assets will be depreciated to the nominal value by the straight-line method for the period of five years, commencing a year after. Due to this application, operating income has decreased by ¥ 787 million, and net income before extraordinary items and net income before taxation decreased by ¥ 797 million.

## Intangible fixed assets

Amortization is calculated by the straight-line method. For computer software used in the parent company and subsidiaries within Japan, the estimated useful lives are determined within a period of five years. Intangible assets recognized upon acquisition of Pilkington, such as relationships with customers, brand, and developed technology, have a weighted average depreciation period of 13.4 years.

## Provisions

- Allowance for doubtful accounts:  
This provision is calculated based on the historical experience with bad debts, plus an estimate of certain uncollectible amounts determined after an analysis of specific individual receivables.
- Employees' bonuses  
The provision for employees' bonus is calculated based on expected amount to be paid to the employees. The amount quoted in the balance sheet as a discrete item includes bonuses payable to Japanese employees only.
- Directors' bonuses  
Directors' bonuses are calculated based on expected amount to be paid to the directors. The amount quoted in the balance sheet as a discrete item includes bonuses payable to Japanese directors only.
- Provision for losses incurring from enhanced early retirement program  
This provision is calculated based on expected future payments and expenses
- Provision for future financial risk arising from alleged violation of EU Commission competition regulations  
Upon receipt of the statements of objections from the European Commission for alleged violation of competition regulations, the company has decided to set a provision for any future financial risk which may arise. The amount is based on guidelines issued by the EU Commission and other generally available information.
- Provision for warranties and claims  
Calculated based on expected future financial risk incurring from warranties and claims of products sold.
- Retirement benefits for employees  
Provision for employee retirement benefits are provided at an amount calculated based on the retirement benefit obligation and the fair value of the pension plan assets, as adjusted for unrecognized actuarial gain or loss and unrecognized prior service cost.  
The retirement benefit obligation is attributed to each period by the straight-line method over the estimated remaining years of service of the eligible employees.

Actuarial gains and losses are amortized commencing the year following the year in which the gain or loss is recognized by the straight-line method over a period of five years, which is shorter than the average remaining years of service of the eligible employees.

The Company ceased its previous unfunded retirement benefit plan for its executive officers after the board resolution on 28 June 2007, and the provision was dissolved. The payment of the retirement benefit will be made upon the retirement of each executive, hence the unpaid benefits amounting to ¥ 349 million are charged to other non-current liabilities.

- Retirement benefits for directors  
Subsidiaries located in Japan have unfunded retirement benefit plans for directors.  
The funding required under these plans has been fully accrued in accordance with respective internal regulations.

The Company ceased its previous unfunded retirement benefit plan for its directors after the board resolution on 28 June 2007, and the provision was dissolved. The payment of the retirement benefit will be made upon the retirement of each director, and the unpaid benefits amounting to ¥ 320 million are charged to other non-current liabilities.

- Provision for rebuilding furnaces (Parent company)  
In order to prepare for periodic large-scale repairs to furnaces, the reserve for rebuilding furnaces is calculated taking into consideration the estimated cost of scheduled repairs and the number of hours of operation prior to the next repair date.
- Environmental provision  
Calculated based on future financial risk relating to environmental preservation

### **Leases (Parent company and subsidiaries in Japan)**

The Company leases certain machinery, equipment and vehicles under non-cancelable lease agreements referred to as finance leases. Finance leases, which are defined as leases which do not transfer the ownership of the leased property to the lessee, are principally accounted for as operating leases.

### **Hedge accounting**

Parent company and subsidiaries in Japan:

Gains or losses on derivatives designated as hedging instruments are deferred until the loss or gain on the underlying hedged item is recognized. Interest-rate swaps which meet certain conditions are accounted for as though the interest rates applied to the swaps had originally applied to the underlying debt. Receivables and payables hedged by forward foreign exchange contracts which meet certain conditions are translated at the corresponding contract rates.

Subsidiaries located outside Japan:

The relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions, are documented at the inception of the transaction.

#### Fair value hedge

Changes in the fair value of derivatives, designated and qualifying as fair value hedges, are recorded in the income statement, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability, attributable to the hedged risk.

#### Cash flow hedge

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives, designated and qualifying as cash flow hedges, is recognized in equity. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognized immediately in the income statement.

#### Net investment hedge

Hedges of net investments in foreign operations are accounted for similarly to cash flow hedges. Any gain or loss on the hedging instrument relating to the effective portion of the hedge is recognized in equity.

#### Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting

Changes in the fair value of any derivative instruments not qualifying for hedge accounting, are recognized immediately in the income statement.

### **Other important policies for the preparation of the financial statements**

- Accounting for consumption tax  
All accounts are presented net of consumption tax.
- Treatment of deferred assets  
Expenses incurred upon issuance of corporate bonds are charged to the income statement.

- **Difference of accounting policies between the parent company and overseas subsidiaries**  
Financial statements of overseas subsidiaries are prepared based on accounting principles which are generally accepted in each respective country or region.  
The Company applied "Practical Solution on Unification of Accounting Policies Applied to Foreign Subsidiaries for Consolidated Financial Statements" (Practical Issues Task Force No.18, Issued: 17 May 2006), and for those items stated in this PITF, necessary adjustments are made upon consolidation.
- **Income from discontinuing operations**  
Pilkington's businesses in Australia and New Zealand were treated discontinued operations as defined in International Financial Reporting Standards. Net income deriving from these businesses is accounted as income from discontinuing operations in the consolidated income statement.

#### **Valuation of assets and liabilities of the consolidated subsidiaries**

Assets and liabilities of consolidated subsidiaries are measured at fair value upon consolidation.

#### **Amortization of goodwill**

Goodwill is amortized by straight-line method within the period of 20 years.

#### **Cash and cash equivalents**

For the purposes of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, deposits with banks redeemable on demand, and short-term investments, which are readily convertible to cash subject to an insignificant risk of any change in their value and which were purchased with an original maturity of three months or less.

From this fiscal year, the company has started to account for bank overdrafts as cash and cash equivalents, which previously had been accounted as short-term borrowings. Due to this change, cash flows from financing activities decreased by ¥ 11,577 million, net increase in cash and cash equivalents decreased by ¥ 15,392 million, and the ending balance of cash and cash equivalents decreased by ¥ 23,319 million.

#### **Amendments to the basis of preparation**

From this fiscal year's accounts, "Provisions for warranties and claims" is presented independently, due to its anticipated future importance. In last year's accounts, this had amounted to ¥ 7,754 million, and had been included in other current liabilities.

From this fiscal year's accounts, "Environmental provision" is also presented independently, due to its anticipated future importance. In last year's accounts, this had amounted to ¥ 7,777 million, and had been included in other current liabilities.

## Notes to the consolidated financial statements

## Balance sheet items

	<u>FY 2008</u>	<u>FY 2007</u>
	JPY million	JPY million
1. Accumulated amortization of tangible fixed assets	270,952	242,994
2. Note receivables which were discounted or endorsed		
Discounted	128	153
Endorsed	1,126	986
3. Collaterals		
(1) Assets considered as collaterals		
Investments in securities	446,945	517,628
Buildings	1,303	1,489
Machinery and equipment	25,862	26,130
Land	2,647	3,503
Total:	476,759	548,752
(2) Liabilities with collaterals		
Notes payable	-	108
Short-term borrowings	27,690	2,518
Long-term borrowings	244,687	363,263
Total:	272,377	365,890
4. Contingent guarantees and letter of awareness		
Pilkington Glass LLC	-	2,318
Vietnam Glass Industries Ltd.	4,449	-
Matex KK	946	996
NSG Micro Optics Philippines, Inc.	160	-
Other	-	164
Total:	5,555	3,479
Guarantees	5,475	3,319
Letter of awareness	80	159
5. Commitment line agreements		
Line of credit	375,146	421,060
Credit used	270,114	361,283
Credit available:	105,031	59,777
6. Matured note receivables and note payables which are included in the ending balance		
Note receivable	-	594
Note payable	-	1,009

**Income statement items**

	<u>FY 2008</u>	<u>FY 2007</u>
	JPY million	JPY million
1. Operating & general administrative expenses		
Logistics	59,296	46,204
Labor	62,100	51,593
Provision for bad debt	349	457
Provision for employees' bonuses	784	825
Retirement benefit expense	5,204	3,536
Provision for retirement benefits of directors	94	215
2. Gain from sale of fixed assets		
Buildings, etc.	-	3,696
Machinery, etc.	2,679	-
3. Gain incurred from prior year adjustments		
Reallocation of goodwill related to acquisition of Pilkington	1,055	-
Revaluation of inventories	1,016	-
4. Loss from disposal of fixed assets		
Construction in progress	-	7,142
Machinery and equipments	1,311	-
5. Loss from sale of fixed assets		
Buildings, etc.	-	154
Land., etc.	262	-
6. Research & development expenses included in Operating & general administrative expenses	15,515	13,660

**Impairment of fixed assets**

FY 2008 (From 1 April 2007 to 31 March 2008)

The following assets have been impaired during the period.

Location of the asset	Description	Classification	Amount impaired (JPY million)
Maizuru City, Kyoto	Idle production facilities	Machinery and equipment	204
Maizuru City, Kyoto	Factory	Building	90
Sagamihara City, Kanagawa	Idle production facilities	Machinery and equipment	33
Tsukuba City, Ibaraki	Idle properties	Buildings	45
Tsukuba City, Ibaraki	Idle production facilities	Machinery and equipment	25
Niigata City, Niigata	Idle properties	Buildings	590
Hongu City, Fukushima	Idle properties	Buildings	304
United Kingdom	Idle production facilities	Machinery and equipment	356
Sweden	Marketing and distribution	Computer software	43
China	Idle production facilities	Machinery and equipment	4

The Company and its consolidated subsidiaries group their fixed assets by cash generating unit based on their business use except for idle property which is grouped individually.

FY 2007 (From 1 April 2006 to 31 March 2007)

The following assets were impaired during the period.

Location of the asset	Description	Classification	Amount impaired (JPY million)
Maizuru City, Kyoto	Idle production facilities	Machinery, equipment and vehicles	618
Changchun, China	Idle production facilities	Machinery, equipment and vehicles	38
Edogawa, Tokyo and others	Industrial properties	Land	27

#### Items related to the statement of changes in net assets

FY2008 (1 April 2007 to 31 March 2008)

#### 1. Type and volume of issued shares and treasury shares

	31 March 2007	Increase	Decrease	31 March 2008
Issued shares (ordinary)	669,550,999	-	-	669,550,999
Treasury shares (ordinary) *1,2	1,147,732	162,801	19,601	1,290,932

Note: 1. Increase of 162,801 is due to the acquisition of treasury shares.  
2. Decrease of 19,601 is due to the disposal of treasury shares.

#### 2. Stock subscription rights

Entity	Description	Class of stock	Number of shares				31 March 2008
			31 March 2007	Increase	Decrease	as of 31 March 2008	
Parent company	Stock subscription rights as stock options	-	-	-	-	-	JPY 253 million

#### 3. Dividends

##### (1) Payment of dividends

Resolution	Class of stock	Total dividends	Dividends per share	Record date	Effective date
General Shareholders' Meeting (28 June 2007)	Common stock	JPY 2,005 million	JPY 3.0	31 March 2007	29 June 2007
Meeting of Board of Directors (21 November 2007)	Common stock	JPY 2,004 million	JPY 3.0	30 September 2007	7 December 2007



- (2) Dividends whose record dates are within this fiscal year and effective dates are within the following fiscal year

Resolution	Class of stock	Total dividends	Resource of dividends	Dividends per share	Record date	Effective date
General Shareholders' Meeting (scheduled on 27 June 2008)	Common stock	JPY 2,004 million	Retained earnings	JPY 3.0	31 March 2008	30 June 2008

FY 2007 (From 1 April 2006 to 31 March 2007)

1. Type and volume of issued shares and treasury shares

	31 March 2006	Increase	Decrease	31 March 2007
Issued shares (ordinary) *1	443,946,452	225,604,547	-	669,550,999
Treasury shares (ordinary) *2,3	950,832	207,772	10,872	1,147,732

- Note: 1. Increase of 225,604,547 shares is due to the conversion of MSCB.  
2. Increase of 207,772 is due to the acquisition of treasury shares.  
3. Decrease of 10,872 is due to the disposal of treasury shares.

2. Stock subscription rights

Entity	Description	Class of stock	Number of shares				31 March 2007
			31 March 2006	Increase	Decrease	31 March 2007	
Parent company	Stock subscription rights as stock options	-	-	-	-	-	JPY 26 million

3. Dividends

- (1) Payment of dividends

Resolution	Class of stock	Total dividends	Dividends per share	Record date	Effective date
General Shareholders' Meeting (29 June 2006)	Common stock	JPY 1,328 million	JPY 3.0	31 March 2006	30 June 2006
Meeting of Board of Directors (21 November 2006)	Common stock	JPY 1,693 million	JPY 3.0	30 September 2006	8 December 2006

- (2) Dividends whose record dates are within this fiscal year and effective dates are within the following fiscal year

Resolution	Class of stock	Total dividends	Resource of dividends	Dividends per share	Record date	Effective date
General Shareholders' Meeting (held on 28 June 2007)	Common stock	JPY 2,005 million	Retained earnings	JPY 3.0	31 March 2007	29 June 2007

Cash-flow items

	<u>FY 2008</u>	<u>FY 2007</u>
	JPY million	JPY million
1. Reconciliation between cash & cash equivalents in the statement of cash-flow and the amounts on the balance sheet		
Cash & bank deposits	127,928	160,914
Deposits with maturing date over three months	(1,315)	(1,151)
Bank overdrafts	(23,319)	-
Cash & cash equivalents	103,293	159,762
2. Summary of assets and liabilities of subsidiaries which were acquired during the period (Pilkington plc)		
Current assets		303,727
Property, plant and equipment		285,403
Goodwill		230,369
Other intangible assets		181,750
Other assets		47,180
Current liabilities		(100,891)
Non-current liabilities		(499,824)
Minority interests		(20,137)
Acquisition cost of shares of Pilkington plc		427,578
Investment in kind of shares of Pilkington plc		(47,703)
Effect of exchange rate fluctuation		27,025
Sub-total		406,901
Cash and cash equivalents		92,337
Net disbursement of acquisition	NIL	314,563
3. Conversion of convertible bonds with stock acquisition rights		
Increase in share capital		55,086
Increase in capital surplus		54,913
Decrease in long-term debt (convertible bonds with stock acquisition rights)	NIL	110,000

## 2. Segmental information

### By Business Line

FY 2008 (1 April 2007 to 31 March 2008)

(in million JPY)

	Building Products	Automotive	Specialty	Other Operations	Total	Eliminations	Consolidated
Sales and operating income							
Sales							
(1) Sales to customers	402,468	364,818	83,589	14,712	865,587	-	865,587
(2) Inter-segmental sales	4,112	4,283	1,102	2,515	12,013	(12,013)	-
Total sales	406,580	369,102	84,691	17,227	877,601	(12,013)	865,587
Operating expenses	375,242	345,162	75,661	34,900	830,967	(11,841)	819,125
Operating income	31,338	23,939	9,029	(17,673)	46,634	(171)	46,462
Total assets	519,865	499,180	104,557	555,059	1,678,663	(359,372)	1,319,290
Depreciation and amortization	30,841	34,853	4,775	3,714	74,185	(238)	73,946
Asset impairment charges	1,361	233	58	45	1,699	-	1,699
Capital expenditures	19,262	21,203	2,853	4,469	47,789	(20)	47,769

FY 2007 (1 April 2006 to 31 March 2007)

(in million JPY)

	Building Products	Automotive	Other Operations	Total	Eliminations	Consolidated
Sales and operating income						
Sales						
(1) Sales to customers	320,357	268,229	92,960	681,547	-	681,547
(2) Inter-segmental sales	1,496	1,678	3,243	6,418	(6,418)	-
Total sales	321,854	269,907	96,204	687,966	(6,418)	681,547
Operating expenses	305,374	256,868	101,808	664,050	(6,325)	657,725
Operating income	16,479	13,039	(5,603)	23,915	(93)	23,822
Total assets	496,591	513,354	782,041	1,791,987	(383,003)	1,408,893
Depreciation and amortization	24,224	25,784	9,997	60,005	(339)	59,666
Asset impairment charges	27	656	-	683	-	683
Capital expenditures	18,891	20,878	12,779	52,549	(94)	52,454

## FY 2007 (1 April 2006 to 31 March 2007) – updated business line structure

(in million JPY)

	Building Products	Automotive	Specialty	Other Operations	Total	Eliminations	Consolidated
Sales and operating income							
Sales							
(1) Sales to customers	320,357	268,229	78,674	14,286	681,547	-	681,547
(2) Inter-segmental sales	1,496	1,678	603	5,061	8,840	(8,840)	-
Total sales	321,854	269,907	79,277	19,348	690,388	(8,840)	681,547
Operating expenses	305,374	256,868	73,205	31,040	666,489	(8,764)	657,725
Operating income	16,479	13,039	6,072	(11,692)	23,898	(76)	23,822
Total assets	496,591	513,354	100,059	683,895	1,793,900	(384,916)	1,408,893
Depreciation and amortization	24,224	25,784	4,901	5,097	60,005	(339)	59,666
Asset impairment charges	27	656	-	-	683	-	683
Capital expenditures	18,891	20,878	13,024	9,754	52,549	(94)	52,454

**By Geography**

## FY 2008 (1 April 2007 to 31 March 2008)

(in million JPY)

	Japan	Europe	North America	Rest of World	Total	Eliminations	Consolidated
Sales and operating income							
Sales							
(1) Sales to customers	214,141	440,241	115,312	95,892	865,587	-	865,587
(2) Inter-segmental sales	25,464	256,614	19,420	21,997	323,497	(323,497)	-
Total sales	239,606	696,856	134,732	117,890	1,189,085	(323,497)	865,587
Operating expenses	237,587	661,603	135,869	107,598	1,142,658	(323,533)	819,125
Operating income	2,019	35,252	(1,137)	10,292	46,426	36	46,462
Total assets	552,002	765,318	190,216	168,057	1,675,594	(356,304)	1,319,290

FY 2007 (1 April 2006 to 31 March 2007)

(in million JPY)

	Japan	Europe	North America	Rest of World	Total	Eliminations	Consolidated
Sales and operating income							
Sales							
(1) Sales to customers	226,061	294,194	87,559	73,732	681,547	-	681,547
(2) Inter-segmental sales	23,793	172,592	11,681	19,101	227,168	(227,168)	-
Total sales	249,854	466,786	99,240	92,834	908,715	(222,168)	681,547
Operating expenses	249,445	451,111	98,359	85,984	884,900	(227,175)	657,725
Operating income	409	15,675	881	6,850	23,815	7	23,822
Total assets	595,717	762,097	187,369	172,698	1,717,883	(308,899)	1,408,983

**Overseas sales**

FY 2008 (1 April 2007 to 31 March 2008)

(in million JPY)

	Europe	North America	Asia	Others	Total
Overseas sales	431,535	110,411	48,800	66,162	656,909
Consolidated sales					865,587
Percentage of overseas sales to consolidated sales	49.9%	12.8%	5.6%	7.6%	75.9%

FY 2007 (April 2006 to 31 March 2007)

(in million JPY)

	Europe	North America	Asia	Others	Total
Overseas sales	289,535	85,027	49,782	38,331	462,675
Consolidated sales					681,547
Percentage of overseas sales to consolidated sales	42.5%	12.5%	7.3%	5.6%	67.9%

**Disposal of discontinued operations**

The Company entered into an agreement to sell the of shares of Pilkington Australia Finance Pty Limited, wholly owned by Pilkington Group Limited, on 29 June 2007, subsequent to, and in accordance with, the approval of a resolution at an extraordinary meeting of the Board of Directors held on the same date. The Company received a number of competing offers to purchase all of the Group's flat glass operations in Australia and New Zealand. Following a process of due diligence and an assessment of the competing bids, the Company determined to accept the offer submitted by CSR Limited.

## a) Name of the buyer

CSR Limited

## b) Date of the transaction:

29 June 2007

## c) Accounting treatment

The net of consideration and the book value of the investment JPY 30,831 million has been booked as "Gain arising from the sale of discontinued operations" categorized under extraordinary income.

Computation for the gain arising from the sale:

	<u>JPY million</u>
a Consideration	71,044
b Net book value of the discontinuing business sold	(36,547)
c Technical assistance agreement and other items	(3,665)
a – (b + c)	30,831

Note : Net income relating to the operations of the business sold, which has been included in the Group's consolidated income statement. An amount of ¥ 497 million is included as "Income from discontinuing operations" categorized under extraordinary income.

## d) Other

A technical assistance agreement has been signed between CSR Limited and the Group. Income deriving from this agreement is ¥ 2,001 million and is included in the consideration. This income will be deferred and amortized over a period of five years, which is the length of the contract.

**Per Share Information**

(in JPY)

	FY 2008	FY 2007
Net assets per share	536.37	504.55
Net income per share	75.44	21.85
Diluted earnings per share	70.90	20.28

Basis for the computation of amounts per share

	FY 2008	FY 2007
<b>Net income per share</b>		
Net income for the period	JPY 50,416 million	JPY 12,095 million
Income not attributable to ordinary shareholders	-	-
Average volume of issued shares (No. of shares: in '000s)*	668,318	553,634
<b>Diluted earnings per share</b>		
Common stock		
Bonds with stock options (No. of shares: in '000s)	42,435	42,435
Stock options (No. of shares: in '000s)	383	234

\* Net of treasury shares

**Post balance sheet events****Sale of investment in affiliates accounted under equity method**

The Board of Directors resolved the sale of all the Company's shares in NH Techno Glass Corporation in the board of directors meeting held on 9 May 2008.

1. Background
 

The Company received a number of competing offers to purchase the shares of NH Techno Glass Corporation, and following a process of due diligence and an assessment of the competing bids, the Company decided to accept the offer of the Carlyle Group. The Company believes that the transaction offers better value to the Company's shareholders than would be realized by retaining the shares of NH Techno Glass Corporation within the Company.
2. Information of the buyer
 

Name:	Carlyle Group
Representative:	Chairman Louis V. Gerstner (Representative in Japan: Tamotsu Adachi, Masao Hirano)
Head office:	1001 Pennsylvania Ave., N.W. Suite 220 South, Washington D.C., U.S.A.
3. Date of the sale:
 

Date of the sale:	Scheduled to be in early June 2008
-------------------	------------------------------------
4. Information of the affiliate sold
 

Name:	NH Techno Glass Corporation
Line of business:	Manufacturing and sale of glass substrate for TFT (Thin-Film-Transistor) LCDs
Transactions with the Company:	Royalty on patents and lease of fixed assets
5. Number of shares sold and sale price, etc.
 

Number of shares sold:	30,000 shares
Sale price:	JPY 40.6 billion
Profit before taxation arising from sale:	JPY 25.0 billion
Ownership of shares by the Company after the sale:	none



**Post balance sheet events (continued)****Issuance of Corporate Bonds**

The Board of Directors resolved the issuance of Company's No.7 Corporate Bond in the board of directors meeting held on 27 March 2008.

- |                         |  |    |                                 |    |  |    |  |
|-------------------------|--|----|---------------------------------|----|--|----|--|
| 1. Name of the bond:    | Nippon Sheet Glass Company, Limited No.7 Corporate Bond (without collaterals)  |    |                                 |    |  |    |  |
| 2. Par value:           | JPY 100 per 100 units  |    |                                 |    |  |    |  |
| 3. Issued amount:       | JPY 20 billion   |    |                                 |    |  |    |  |
| 4. Interest rate:       | 2.24% per annum  |    |                                 |    |  |    |  |
| 5. Repayment terms:     | <table border="0" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td style="vertical-align: top;">1)</td> <td>Amount<br/>JPY 100 per 100 units</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="vertical-align: top;">2)</td> <td>           Repayment date<br/>           - Principal of the bonds shall be redeemed by 22 May 2015.<br/>           - If the payment date falls on a bank holiday, repayment of the bonds shall be made on the day before the said bank holiday.<br/>           - Redemption by purchase can be made after the payment date, unless otherwise stated in regulations of Japan Securities Depository Center, Inc., or other related regulations.         </td> </tr> <tr> <td style="vertical-align: top;">3)</td> <td>           Place of payment of the principal<br/>           Repayment of the principal of the bonds shall be made under the jurisdiction of Corporate Bonds Exchange Code and regulations of Japan Securities Depository Center, Inc.         </td> </tr> </table> | 1) | Amount<br>JPY 100 per 100 units | 2) | Repayment date<br>- Principal of the bonds shall be redeemed by 22 May 2015.<br>- If the payment date falls on a bank holiday, repayment of the bonds shall be made on the day before the said bank holiday.<br>- Redemption by purchase can be made after the payment date, unless otherwise stated in regulations of Japan Securities Depository Center, Inc., or other related regulations. | 3) | Place of payment of the principal<br>Repayment of the principal of the bonds shall be made under the jurisdiction of Corporate Bonds Exchange Code and regulations of Japan Securities Depository Center, Inc. |
| 1)                      | Amount<br>JPY 100 per 100 units  |    |                                 |    |  |    |  |
| 2)                      | Repayment date<br>- Principal of the bonds shall be redeemed by 22 May 2015.<br>- If the payment date falls on a bank holiday, repayment of the bonds shall be made on the day before the said bank holiday.<br>- Redemption by purchase can be made after the payment date, unless otherwise stated in regulations of Japan Securities Depository Center, Inc., or other related regulations.   |    |                                 |    |  |    |  |
| 3)                      | Place of payment of the principal<br>Repayment of the principal of the bonds shall be made under the jurisdiction of Corporate Bonds Exchange Code and regulations of Japan Securities Depository Center, Inc.   |    |                                 |    |  |    |  |
| 6. Payment date:        | 22 May 2008  |    |                                 |    |  |    |  |
| 7. Collaterals:         | None   |    |                                 |    |  |    |  |
| 8. Purpose of issuance: | To secure funds for redemption of bonds, repayment of borrowings, and working capital.   |    |                                 |    |  |    |  |

## 5. Unconsolidated financial statements of the parent company

### (1) Balance sheet

	<b>FY 2008</b>	<b>FY 2007</b>	<b>Difference</b>
	in JPY million	in JPY million	in JPY million
<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>I. Current assets</b>			
1. Cash and deposits	5,070	16,810	(11,740)
2. Note receivables – trade	2,977	3,292	(315)
3. Account receivable – trade	35,387	38,040	(2,653)
4. Finished goods	13,199	11,891	1,308
5. Raw materials	2,458	2,020	438
6. Work in process	3,288	3,645	(356)
7. Supplies	4,151	2,426	1,724
8. Account receivable – other	2,934	3,039	(104)
9. Loan receivable to subsidiaries and affiliates	12,529	7,253	5,276
10. Deferred tax asset (current)	4,620	2,333	2,286
11. Other	2,144	1,379	765
12. Allowance for doubtful accounts	(1,478)	(2,095)	616
Total: Current assets	87,285	90,039	(2,754)
<b>II. Fixed assets</b>			
1. Tangible assets			
(1) Buildings	21,225	22,130	(905)
(2) Structures	1,818	1,831	(13)
(3) Machinery & equipment	19,048	21,668	(2,619)
(4) Vehicles	34	41	(7)
(5) Tools & dies	2,911	3,202	(291)
(6) Land	10,772	11,193	(421)
(7) Construction in progress	2,291	5,994	(3,703)
Total: Tangible fixed assets	58,101	66,064	(7,962)

**Balance sheet (continued)**

	<b>FY 2008</b>	<b>FY 2007</b>	<b>Difference</b>
	in JPY million	in JPY million	in JPY million
2. Intangible assets			
(1) Goodwill	12	39	(27)
(2) Patents	94	107	(13)
(3) Leasehold rights	7	14	(6)
(4) Right of using facilities	485	623	(138)
(5) Software	9,542	7,062	2,480
(6) Other intangible assets	56	56	-
Total: Intangible fixed assets	10,199	7,905	2,294
3. Investments & other assets			
(1) Investments in securities	21,257	51,294	(30,037)
(2) Investments in subsidiaries and affiliates	331,772	334,016	(2,243)
(3) Loan receivable from outside of the group	18	23	(4)
(4) Loan receivable from employees	28	35	(7)
(5) Loan receivable from subsidiaries and affiliates	461	1,652	(1,191)
(6) Prepaid expenses (non-current)	1,408	1,287	120
(7) Other	1,349	1,352	(4)
(8) Allowance for doubtful accounts	(308)	(89)	(219)
Total: Investments & other assets	355,987	389,574	(33,587)
Total: Fixed assets	424,288	463,543	(39,255)
<b>Total : Assets</b>	<b>511,573</b>	<b>553,583</b>	<b>(42,009)</b>

## Balance sheet (continued)

	<b>FY 2008</b>	<b>FY 2008</b>	<b>Difference</b>
	in JPY million	in JPY million	in JPY million
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>I. Current liabilities</b>			
1. Notes and accounts payable - trade	24,197	25,262	(1,064)
2. Short-term bank borrowings	25,775	24,175	1,600
3. Long-term bank borrowings for repayment within one year	8,678	7,057	1,621
4. Bonds maturing within one year	10,000	-	10,000
5. Accounts payable (construction and other)	4,884	6,169	(1,284)
6. Accrued income tax	1,187	16,573	(15,386)
7. Accrued Japanese consumption tax	342	27	315
8. Accrued expenses	6,248	5,986	262
9. Deposits from customers	10,335	10,187	147
10. Provision for employees' bonuses	1,477	1,441	36
11. Provision for directors' bonuses	124	49	75
12. Provision for losses incurring from enhanced early retirement program	12,519	-	12,519
13. Deposits from employees	201	196	5
14. Other current liabilities	417	352	65
Total: Current liabilities	106,389	97,478	8,911
<b>II. Non-current liabilities</b>			
1. Bonds	33,000	43,000	(10,000)
2. Long-term bank borrowings	68,435	70,140	(1,704)
3. Deferred tax liabilities (non-current)	8,430	13,043	(4,613)
4. Accrued retirement benefits for employees	6,021	8,543	(2,521)
5. Accrued retirement benefits for directors	-	578	(578)
6. Provision for rebuilding furnaces	9,757	9,232	524
7. Other non-current liabilities	4,820	5,666	(846)
Total: Non-current liabilities	130,466	150,205	(19,739)
<b>Total : Liabilities</b>	<b>236,856</b>	<b>247,684</b>	<b>(10,827)</b>

## Balance sheet (continued)

	<b>FY 2008</b>	<b>FY 2007</b>	<b>Difference</b>
	in JPY million	in JPY million	in JPY million
<b>NET ASSETS</b>			
<b>I. Shareholders' Equity</b>			
1. Common stock	96,147	96,147	-
2. Capital surplus			
Additional paid-in capital	104,469	104,469	-
Other	6	4	2
Total: Capital surplus	104,476	104,474	2
3. Retained earnings			
Earned surplus	6,376	6,376	-
Other retained earnings			
Special reserve for deferred gain on fixed assets	-	892	(892)
Reserve for deferred gain on fixed assets	3,776	3,830	(53)
General reserve	44,977	44,977	-
Retained earnings carried forward	10,384	24,359	(13,794)
Total: Other retained earnings	65,515	80,435	(14,920)
4. Treasury stocks - at cost	(541)	(450)	(91)
Total: Shareholders' equity	265,597	280,606	(15,009)
<b>II. Valuation &amp; translation adjustments</b>			
1. Unrealized holding gain on securities	8,593	25,099	(16,506)
2. Net unrealized holding loss on derivative instruments	272	166	106
Total: Valuation & translation adjustments	8,866	25,266	(16,399)
<b>III. Stock Options</b>	253	26	227
<b>Total: Net assets</b>	<b>274,717</b>	<b>305,899</b>	<b>(31,181)</b>
<b>Total: Liabilities &amp; Net Assets</b>	<b>511,573</b>	<b>553,583</b>	<b>(42,009)</b>

## (2) Income statement

	FY 2008		FY 2007		Difference	
	JPY million		JPY million		JPY million	
<b>I. Net sales</b>		169,514		177,672		(8,158)
<b>II. Cost of sales</b>		132,194		141,776		(9,581)
Gross Income		37,319		35,896		1,423
<b>III. Selling, general and administrative expenses</b>		38,634		37,418		1,216
Operating loss		(1,314)		(1,521)		207
<b>IV. Non-operating income</b>						
1. Interest income	205		302		(97)	
2. Dividend income	2,745		4,385		(1,640)	
3. Rent income	853		840		12	
4. Gain on sale of goods	51		47		3	
5. Other non-operating income	824	4,680	1,037	6,615	(213)	(1,934)
<b>V. Non-operating expense</b>						
1. Interest expense	1,528		1,174		353	
2. Interest on bonds	295		295		0	
3. Labor difference	1,360		2,041		(681)	
4. Disposal of obsolescent inventory	652		1,116		(464)	
5. Warranties and compensations	1,339		970		369	
6. Other non-operating expense	2,786	7,962	2,008	7,606	778	355
Ordinary income		(4,596)		(2,513)		(2,083)

## Income statement (continued)

	FY 2008		FY 2007		Difference	
	JPY million		JPY million		JPY million	
<b>VI. Extraordinary income</b>						
1. Gain from sale of fixed assets	2,088		3,683		(1,594)	
2. Gain from sale of investments in securities	13,341		44,284		(30,943)	
3. Gain from sale of investments in subsidiaries and affiliates	-		38		(38)	
4. Gain from discharge of furnace repair provision	-		1,064		(1,064)	
5. Gain incurred from prior year adjustments	1,016	16,446	-	49,071	1,016	(32,624)
<b>VII. Extraordinary loss</b>						
1. Loss from disposal of fixed assets	579		7,004		(6,425)	
2. Loss from sale of fixed assets	211		-		211	
3. Impairment of fixed assets	308		618		(309)	
4. Loss from revaluation of investments in securities	328		30		298	
5. Loss from revaluation of investments in subsidiaries & affiliates	1,808		1,371		437	
6. Loss from sale of investments in subsidiaries & affiliates	-		1,130		(1,130)	
7. Loss from liquidation of subsidiaries & affiliates	58		-		58	
8. Loss from disposal of inventories	843		-		843	
9. Loss from revaluation & sale of golf playing rights	126		-		126	
10. Expenses incurred upon acquisition of Pilkington	-		2,856		(2,856)	
11. Loss incurred due to withdrawal of business	10		1,371		(1,360)	
12. Relocation of head office	-		65		(65)	
13. Special support for early retirees	614		-		614	
14. Provision for loss deriving from enhanced early retirement program	12,519	17,410	-	14,448	12,519	2,962
<b>Net income (loss) before taxation and minority interest</b>		(5,560)		32,109		(37,669)
Income tax - current	196		15,292		(15,095)	
Previous year tax adjustments	709		-		709	
Income tax - deferred	4,444	5,350	(700)	14,592	5,144	(9,242)
<b>Net income (loss)</b>		(10,910)		17,516		(28,427)

## (3) Statement of changes in net assets

FY2008 (1 April 2007 to 31 March 2008)

(in JPY million)

	Shareholders' equity											Treasury shares	Sub-total
	Common stocks	Capital surplus			Retained earnings					Sub-total			
		Capital surplus	Other capital surplus	Sub-total	Earned surplus	Other retained earnings							
						Special reserve for deferred gain on fixed assets	Reserve for deferred gain on fixed assets	General reserve	Retained earnings carried forward				
<b>Balance: as of 31 March 2007</b>	<b>96,147</b>	<b>104,469</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>104,474</b>	<b>6,376</b>	<b>892</b>	<b>3,830</b>	<b>44,977</b>	<b>24,359</b>	<b>80,435</b>	<b>(450)</b>	<b>280,606</b>	
Changes during the period:													
Decrease in special reserve for deferred gain on fixed assets						(892)			892	—		—	
Increase in reserve for deferred gain on fixed assets							376		(376)	—		—	
Decrease in reserve for deferred gain on fixed assets							(430)		430	—		—	
Dividends									(4,010)	(4,010)		(4,010)	
Net loss									(10,910)	(10,910)		(10,910)	
Acquisition of treasury shares											(99)	(99)	
Disposal of treasury shares			2	2							8	10	
Changes in unrealized holding gain, hedges, etc.													
Total	—	—	2	2	—	(892)	(53)	—	(13,974)	(14,920)	(91)	(15,009)	
<b>Balance: as of 31 March 2008</b>	<b>96,147</b>	<b>104,469</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>104,476</b>	<b>6,376</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3,776</b>	<b>44,977</b>	<b>10,384</b>	<b>65,515</b>	<b>(541)</b>	<b>265,597</b>	

	Unrealized holding gain, etc.			Stock option	Total
	Unrealized holding gain on securities	Net unrealized holding loss on derivative instruments	Sub-total		
<b>Balance: as of 31 March 2007</b>	<b>25,099</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>25,266</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>305,899</b>
Changes during the period:					
Decrease in special reserve for deferred gain on fixed assets					—
Increase in reserve for deferred gain on fixed assets					—
Decrease in reserve for deferred gain on fixed assets					—
Dividends					(4,010)
Net loss					(10,910)
Acquisition of treasury shares					(99)
Disposal of treasury shares					10
Changes in unrealized holding gain, hedges, etc.	(16,506)	106	(16,399)	227	(16,172)
Total	(16,506)	106	(16,399)	227	(31,181)
<b>Balance: as of 31 March 2008</b>	<b>8,593</b>	<b>272</b>	<b>8,866</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>274,717</b>



FY2007 (1 April 2006 to 31 March 2007)

(in JPY million)

	Shareholders' equity											Treasury shares	Sub-total	
	Common stocks	Capital surplus			Retained earnings									Sub-total
		Capital surplus	Other capital surplus	Sub-total	Earned surplus	Other retained earnings								
						Reserve for special depreciation	Reserve for deferred gain on fixed assets	Special reserve for deferred gain on fixed assets	Reserve for deferred gain on fixed assets	General reserve	Retained earnings carried forward			
<b>Balance: as of 31 March 2006</b>	<b>41,060</b>	<b>49,556</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>49,558</b>	<b>6,376</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>4,104</b>	<b>44,977</b>	<b>10,477</b>	<b>65,941</b>	<b>(335)</b>	<b>156,225</b>	
Changes during the period:														
Conversion of MSCB to shares	55,086	54,913		54,913									<b>110,000</b>	
Decrease in reserve for special depreciation						(5)				5	—		—	
Increase in special reserve for deferred gain on fixed assets							892			(892)	—		—	
Increase in reserve for deferred gain on fixed assets								189		(189)	—		—	
Decrease in reserve for deferred gain on fixed assets								(463)		463	—		—	
Dividends										(3,021)	(3,021)		(3,021)	
Net income										17,516	17,516		17,516	
Acquisition of treasury shares												(119)	(119)	
Disposal of treasury shares			1	1								4	6	
Changes in unrealized holding gain, hedges, etc.														
<b>Total</b>	<b>55,086</b>	<b>54,913</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>54,915</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>(5)</b>	<b>892</b>	<b>(273)</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>13,881</b>	<b>14,494</b>	<b>(115)</b>	<b>124,381</b>	
<b>Balance: as of 31 March 2007</b>	<b>96,147</b>	<b>104,469</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>104,474</b>	<b>6,376</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>892</b>	<b>3,830</b>	<b>44,977</b>	<b>24,359</b>	<b>80,435</b>	<b>(450)</b>	<b>280,606</b>	

	Unrealized holding gain, etc.			Stock option	Total
	Unrealized holding gain on securities	Net unrealized holding loss on derivative instruments	Sub-total		
<b>Balance: as of 31 March 2007</b>	<b>49,829</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>49,829</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>206,054</b>
Changes during the period:					
Conversion of MSCB to shares					<b>110,000</b>
Decrease in reserve for special depreciation					—
Decrease in special reserve for deferred gain on fixed assets					—
Increase in reserve for deferred gain on fixed assets					—
Increase in reserve for deferred gain on fixed assets					—
Dividends					<b>(3,021)</b>
Net income					<b>17,516</b>
Acquisition of treasury shares					<b>(119)</b>
Disposal of treasury shares					<b>6</b>
Changes in unrealized holding gain, hedges, etc.	(24,729)	166	(24,563)	26	<b>(24,536)</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>(24,729)</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>(24,563)</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>99,844</b>
<b>Balance: as of 31 March 2008</b>	<b>25,099</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>25,266</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>305,899</b>