

NSG Group 2023/3 Quarter 3 Results (from 1 April 2022 to 31 December 2022)

Nippon Sheet Glass Company, Limited Reiko Kusunose Senior Executive Officer & CFO

9th February 2023

Agenda



- 1. Financial Year ending 31 March 2023 Quarter 3 Results
- 2. Forecast for Financial Year ending 31 March 2023
- 3. Update of Transformation Initiatives under Revival Plan 24 (RP24)
- 4. Summary



1. Financial Year ending 31 March 2023 Quarter 3 Results

Consolidated Income Statement



Continued revenue and operating profit increase with price and volume increase, partly helped by weaker JPY.

Sales price improvements absorbed continued impact of input costs rise

	Q:	3 (3 month	s)	Cumulative (9 months)			
(JPY bn)	2022/3	2023/3	Change	2022/3	2023/3	Change	
Revenue	152.3	190.6	38.3	443.0	566.2	123.3	
Operating profit	1.8	9.7	7.9	14.5	24.2	9.6	
ROS: Return on sales	1.2%	5.1%	+3.9pt	3.3%	4.3%	+1.0pt	
Exceptional items (net)	(0.2)	1.0	1.2	4.4	(43.9)	(48.3)	
Operating profit/(loss) after exceptional items	1.7	10.7	9.1	18.9	(19.8)	(38.7)	
Finance expenses (net)	(3.2)	(4.8)	(1.6)	(9.0)	(11.3)	(2.3)	
Share of JVs and associates' profits	2.2	2.1	(0.1)	5.6	5.4	(0.2)	
Other gains/(losses) on equity method investments	-	(0.4)	(0.4)	-	(1.1)	(1.1)	
Profit/(loss) before taxation	0.7	7.7	7.0	15.4	(26.8)	(42.2)	
Profit/(loss) for the period	1.0	2.2	1.2	10.5	(34.8)	(45.3)	
Net profit/(loss) *	0.0	1.7	1.6	8.6	(37.2)	(45.8)	
EBITDA	11.1	20.2	9.1	42.2	54.4	12.1	

Sales and OP increased in all businesses. (Without Battery Separator business disposed in 2021)
Price pass-through progressed

especially in Architectural and Automotive Glass business mitigating input costs rise

[Sales and Operating Profit: vs PY]

(JPY bn)	Sales	Operating profit
Architectural	+68.8	+5.8
Automotive	+55.1	+4.8
Technical	(1.0)	(0.5)
Others	+0.3	(0.4)
Group total	+123.3	+9.6

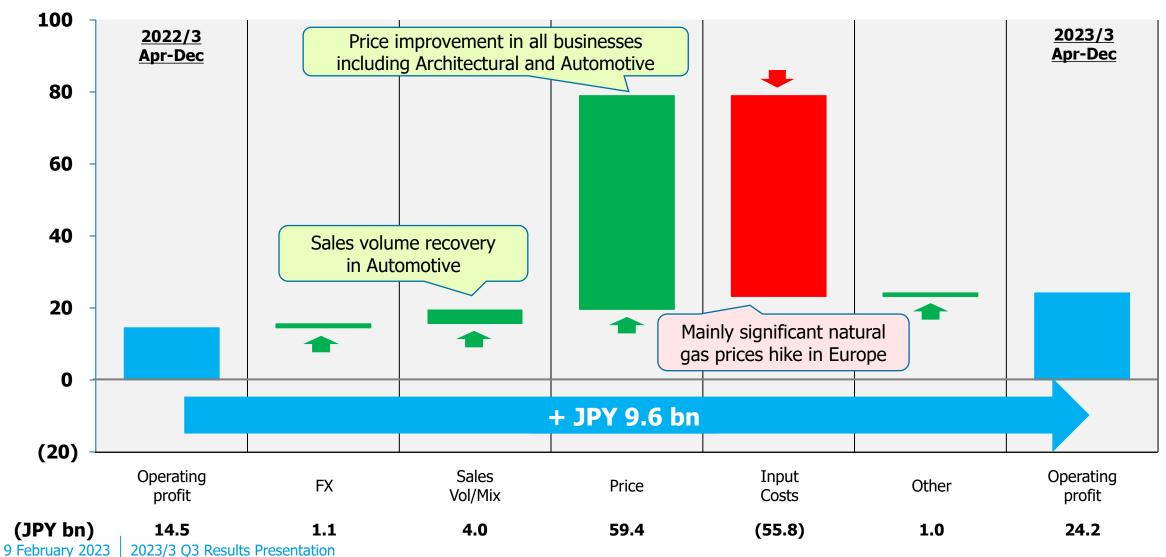
Impairment of goodwill and intangible assets related to European Automotive business in Q2

^{*} Profit/(loss) attributable to owners of the parent

Change Analysis – Operating profit (9 months cumulative)



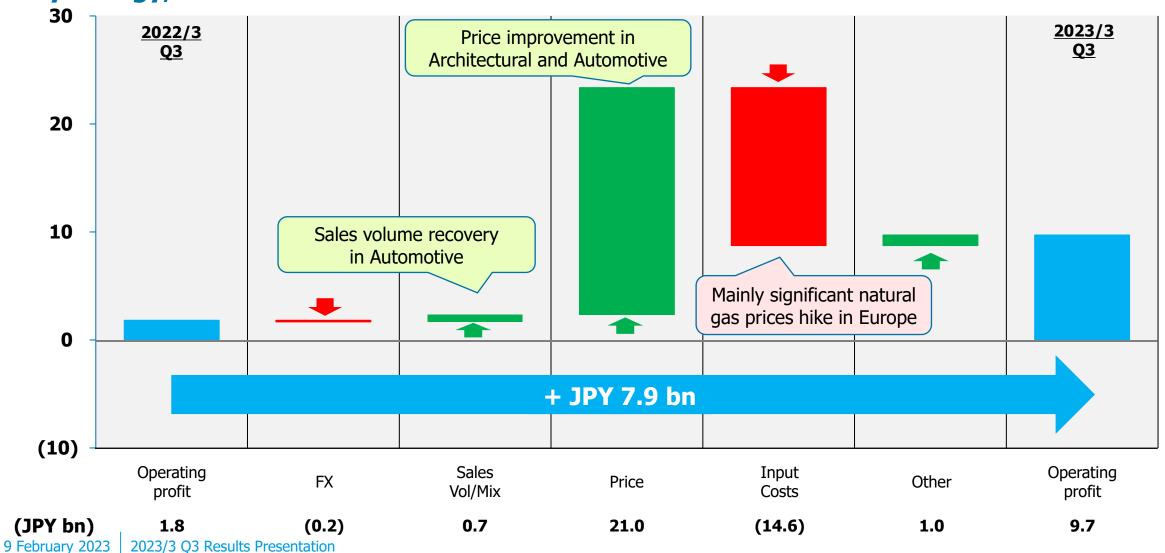
Sales vol/mix and price increases absorbed the impact of input and other costs



Change Analysis – Operating profit (Quarter 3 only)



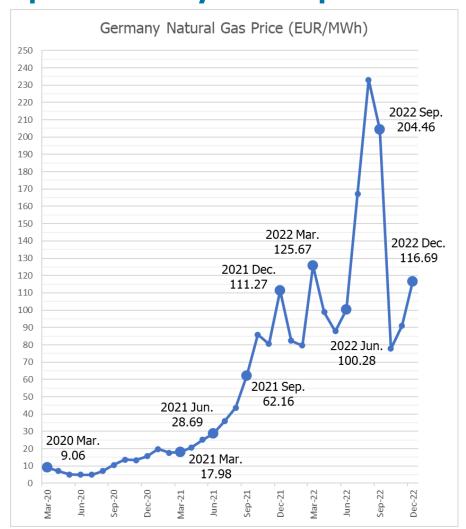
OP improved significantly due to sales price increases while impacted by energy, material and other cost rises

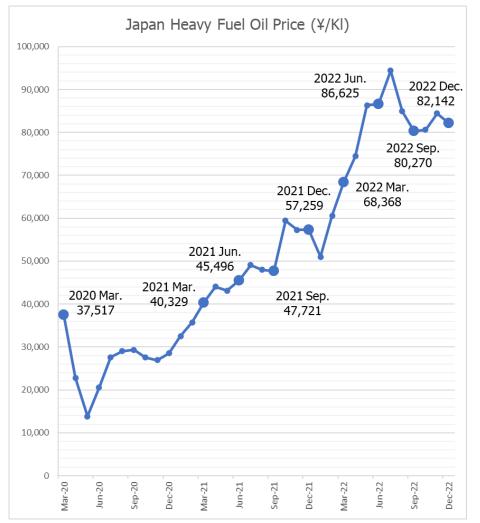


Energy Price Movement



German natural gas price: still remained high level though declined during Q3 Japanese heavy fuel oil price: moved in high prices above JPY80,000/Kl during Q3

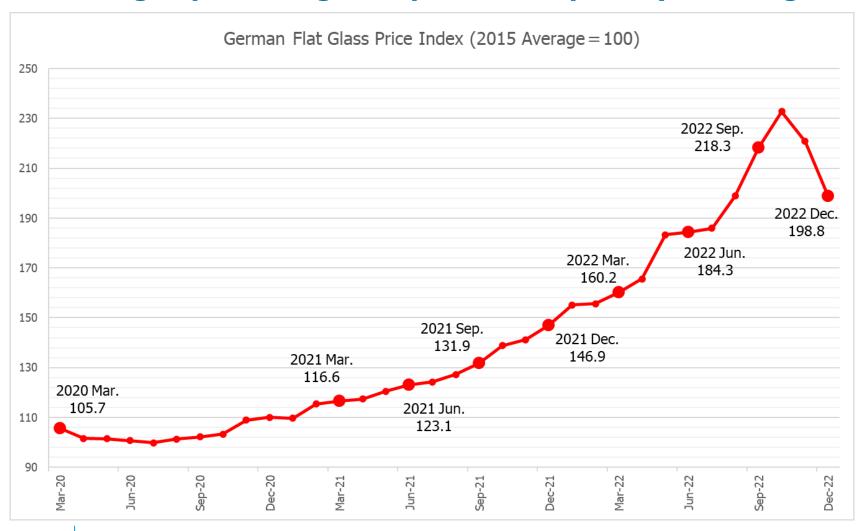




Glass Market Price Movement



Dec. 2022 German glass price increased 1.4x from Dec. 2021. Offsetting impact of higher input costs especially natural gas



Consolidated Balance Sheet



Maintained shareholders' equity ratio above 10% of RP24 target despite goodwill impairment in Q2

(JPY bn)	31 March 2022	31 December 2022	Change
Total Assets	939.3	945.6	6.4
Non-current assets	637.0	621.9	(15.1)
Current assets	302.2	323.8	21.5
Total Liabilities	769.9	806.8	36.9
Current liabilities	306.7	434.5	127.7
Non-current liabilities	463.2	372.4	(90.8)
Total Equity	169.4	138.8	(30.5)
Shareholders' equity	145.3	109.6	(35.6)
Shareholders' Equity Ratio	15.5%	11.6%	(3.9)pt
Net Debt	365.2	419.5	54.3

Decrease of goodwill and intangible assets due to impairment in Q2

Mainly increase in inventories, and trade and other receivables

Mainly increase in loans, with shift from long term to short term

Decreased due to impairment in Q2, partly offset by reduction in retirement benefit obligations and hyper inflation adjustment. Shareholders' equity ratio maintained above 11%

Increase mainly by free cash outflow and weaker JPY

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows



Free cash outflow due to working capital movement.

Aiming to achieve free cash inflow and RP24 target above JPY 10 billion for the full-year by working capital improvement, consistent with the previous year

(JPY bn)	Q:	3 (3 months		Cumula	ative (9 mo	nths)
(SFT BII)	2022/3	2023/3	Change	2022/3	2023/3	Change
Net cash flows from operating activities	6.7	(3.1)	(9.7)	21.1	8.3	(12.8)
included above: Net change in working capital	0.0	(17.2)	(17.2)	(8.7)	(32.6)	(23.9)
Net cash flows from investing activities	(4.2)	(8.8)	(4.6)	(20.1)	(29.7)	(9.7)
included above: Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(5.7)	(9.3)	(3.6)	(26.0)	(28.4)	(2.4)
Free cash flow	2.4	(11.9)	(14.3)	1.1	(21.4)	(22.5)
Net cash flows from financing activities	(0.1)	11.3	11.4	(12.0)	12.8	24.8
Increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2.3	(0.6)	(2.9)	(10.9)	(8.6)	2.3
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period				44.6	52.8	8.2

Increase in inventories, trade and other receivables due to higher costs and improved sales prices

Proceeds on disposal of battery separator business in 2022/3

Increased due to weaker JPY

Almost same amount of inflow with 2022/3 excluding working capital movement. Aiming to achieve free cash inflow for the full-year

Segmental Information



		2021/3	Q3 Cum.		20	22/3 Q3 C	um.	20	23/3 Q3 Cu	ım.	Cha	nge
(JPY bn)	Revenue	%	Operating profit	Operating profit after COVID*	Revenue	%	Operating profit	Revenue	%	Operating profit	Revenue	Operating Profit
Architectural	156.1	44%	11.5	5.8	206.9	47%	20.4	275.7	49%	26.2	68.8	5.8
Europe	60.6	17%			84.2	19%		118.0	21%		33.7	
Asia	58.3	16%			64.7	15%		74.8	13%		10.0	
Americas	37.2	10%			57.9	13%		83.0	15%		25.0	
Automotive	173.6	49%	(1.1)	(9.4)	203.3	46%	(5.9)	258.4	46%	(1.1)	55.1	4.8
Europe	72.1	20%			86.4	20%		107.6	19%		21.2	
Asia	43.4	12%			44.4	10%		49.4	9%		5.0	
Americas	58.1	16%			72.5	16%		101.5	18%		29.0	
Technical Glass	26.6	7%	4.5	4.3	30.8	7%	7.8	29.8	5%	7.2	(1.0)	(0.5)
Europe	4.6	1%			5.9	1%		6.8	1%		0.9	
Asia	21.2	6%			24.0	5%		21.8	4%		(2.2)	
Americas	0.8	0%			0.9	0%		1.2	0%		0.3	
Other	1.1	0%	(6.9)	(6.7)	2.0	0%	(7.7)	2.3	0%	(8.2)	0.3	(0.4)
Total	357.4	100%	8.0	(6.0)	443.0	100%	14.5	566.2	100%	24.2	123.3	9.6

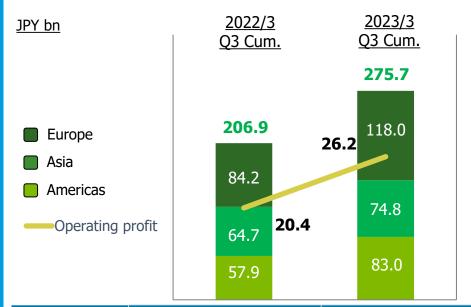
*Operating profit after COVID-19 related exceptional items

Architectural (Cum. Rev ▲, Profit ▲: Q3 Rev ▲, Profit ▲)



Remarkable revenue increase due to price increases and favourable demand in all regions, partly helped by weaker JPY.

OP improved with price increase mitigating input cost rises, particularly energy



(JPY bn)	(Q3 3 months	s)	Cumulative (9 months)			
	2022/3	2023/3	Change	2022/3	2023/3	Change	
Revenue	74.8	93.6	18.7	206.9	275.7	68.8	
Europe	29.3	39.1	9.8	84.2	118.0	33.7	
Asia	24.5	25.8	1.3	64.7	74.8	10.0	
Americas	21.0	28.7	7.6	57.9	83.0	25.0	
OP	6.8	10.7	3.9	20.4	26.2	5.8	

Europe (Cum. Rev ▲, Profit ▲: Q3 Rev ▲, Profit ▲)

- Demand softened during Q3 due to inflation and interest rates rise
- Sales prices continue to offset input cost increase

- Sales price increases in Japan
- Sales volume and price decrease due to strong competition in other countries
- Robust demand for solar energy glass

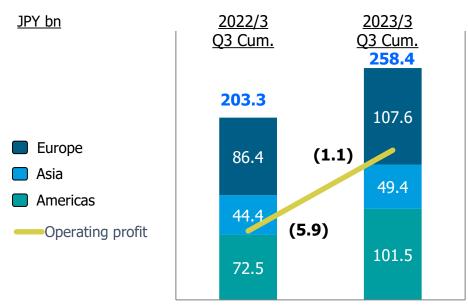
Americas (Cum. Rev ▲, Profit ▲: Q3 Rev ▲, Profit ▲)

- Increased sales price reflecting strong demand, constrained shipments resolved in North America
- Continued strong demand for solar energy glass
- Strong demand continuing in South America

Automotive (Cum. Rev ▲, Profit ▲: Q3 Rev ▲, Profit ▲)



Progress in price improvement resulted in Q3 operating profit for the first time since Q1 of the previous year. Constrained vehicle build due to parts shortage remains but being resolved gradually



(JPY bn)			Q3 3 months	s)	Cumulative (9 months)				
		2022/3	2023/3	Change	2022/3	2023/3	Change		
R	evenue	68.1	86.6	18.5	203.3	258.4	55.1		
	Europe	27.3	37.7	10.4	86.4	107.6	21.2		
	Asia	16.4	17.0	0.6	44.4	49.4	5.0		
	Americas	24.4	31.9	7.5	72.5	101.5	29.0		
0	P	(4.9)	0.6	5.4	(5.9)	(1.1)	4.8		

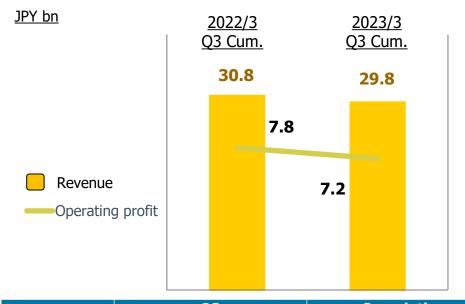
Europe	(Cum. Rev▲, Profit▲: Q3 Rev▲, Profit▲)
Asia	(Cum. Rev▲, Profit▼: Q3 Rev▲, Profit▲)
Americas	(Cum. Rev A. Profit ▼: O3 Rev A. Profit ▼)

- Further progress during Q3 in concluding price improvement agreements with vehicle manufacturers to offset high input costs
- Constrained vehicle build due to shortage of component parts remains but gradually resolved in Europe
- Production efficiency improved after cold repair at Maizuru in Japan
- Decrease in OP reflecting energy, freight and other costs rise, although favourable demand in Americas

Technical Glass (Cum. Rev▲, Profit▲: Q3 Rev▲, Profit▼



Sales volume decline due to lockdown in China and costs rise leading to worse profitability in Q3. Continued cumulative revenue and OP increase (like-for-like basis without battery separator business disposed in September 2021)



(JPY bn)	(Q3 3 months	5)	Cumulative (9 months)			
	2022/3	2023/3	Change	2022/3	2023/3	Change	
Revenue	9.1	9.6	0.5	30.8	29.8	(1.0)	
ОР	2.1	1.5	(0.5)	7.8	7.2	(0.5)	

- Q3 fine glass sales impacted by economic slowdown, although cumulative performance was stable with continuous cost reduction efforts
- Demand for printer lenses declined slightly in North America and Europe, although semiconductor shortage largely resolved in Q3
- Sales volume for glass cord impacted by supply chain issues at customers, although seeing stable demand particularly in replacement market
- Demand for Metashine[®] decreased slightly for automotive and cosmetic applications



2. Forecast for Financial Year ending 31 March 2023

Assumptions for 2023/3 Full-year Forecast



Group	 Full-year revenue, OP, loss before taxation, loss for the period, and net loss forecast revised upward reflecting Q3 cumulative actuals Depreciation of JPY continuing Assume continuous input cost increases, with higher energy costs and worldwide inflation trend Uncertain business environment in Q4 still anticipated with potential recession caused by rising interest rates Focusing on profitability improvement through continuous cost reduction, expansion of VA products and price increase across the whole Group
Architectural Glass	 Favourable demand and supply situation expected, while impact of energy price volatility and potential recession concern in Europe and the USA Europe: continuous price pass-through whilst energy price volatility and input costs hike. Slight sales volume decrease assumed Asia: volume and price improving further in Japan. Monitor competitive situation in other countries NA: favourable domestic market expected though recession concerned due to interest rates hike SA: continued tight demand and supply environment. Contribution from new float furnace in Argentina Solar energy glass: continued robust demand. Expansion in progress in Malaysia and under consideration in USA
Automotive Glass	 Demand affected by component shortage, despite strong market demand, continuous negotiation for price increase to offset higher input costs Anticipating continued strong vehicle demand and car inventory replenishment in all regions Sales price improvement realizing gradually as negotiations with customers progressing further Continued component shortages impacting demand but slowly being resolved Cold repair at Maizuru completed, expected to contribute to profitability improvement Aiming for cumulative operating profit with cost reduction efforts, expansion of VA products and price increase offsetting higher energy and material costs
Technical Glass	 Worse profitability due to costs increase and some demand weakness Continued cost reduction efforts while affected by economic slowdown in fine glass Monitoring impact of components shortage in customers and weaker demand for printer lens Stable demand mainly in replacement market for glass cord with close attention to supply chain issues at customers

Forecast for Financial Year ending 31 March 2023 NSC



Full-year forecast revised upward based on relatively strong cumulative performance. Loss before taxation, loss for the period and net loss also improved

	2023/3 Q3 Cum. Act	2023/3 Full-year fcst (Previous)	2023/3 Full-year fcst (Revised)	Change	2022/3 Full-year Act
Revenue	566.2	740.0	750.0	10.0	600.6
Operating profit	24.2	18.0	28.0	10.0	20.0
Exceptional items	(43.9)	(45.0)	(44.0)	1.0	3.6
Operating profit/(loss) after exceptional items	(19.8)	(27.0)	(16.0)	11.0	23.6
Finance expenses (net)	(11.3)	(13.0)	(15.0)	(2.0)	(12.5)
Impairment of financial receivables owed by joint ventures and associates	-	-	-	-	(3.4)
Share of JVs and associates' profits	5.4]]		7.5
Other gains/(losses) on equity method investments	(1.1)	5.0	6.0	1.0	(3.4)
Profit/(loss) before taxation	(26.8)	(35.0)	(25.0)	10.0	11.9
Profit/(loss) for the period	(34.8)	(38.0)	(34.0)	4.0	6.8
Net profit/(loss) *	(37.2)	(41.0)	(37.0)	4.0	4.1

^{*}Profit/(loss) attributable to owners of the parent



3. Update of Transformation Initiatives under Revival Plan 24 (RP24)

Transformation Initiatives under Revival Plan 24 In



Continued RP24 initiatives underway for business to grow sustainably. Maintaining shareholder's equity ratio above target even after large amount of impairment loss

Three Reforms

Business structure reform

- Construction started to install online coating capacity for solar energy glass to an existing float furnace in Malaysia (Aiming at start of production from 2024/3 Q3)
- Solar energy glass expansion also under consideration in USA
- 2nd float furnace in Argentina started production in Q3



Float furnace in Malaysia

Corporate culture reform

• To promote cultural reform from leaders, the Group created "Leadership Behaviour Charter" in response to employee survey

Two Key Initiatives

Restoration of financial stability (2023/3 Q3 Cumulative)

- Maintaining shareholders' equity ratio above RP24 financial target of 10% even after slight strengthening of JPY during Q3 and decrease in derivative assets reflecting energy price decline in Q3
- •JPY 58.6 bn of cash and JPY 26.3 bn unused commitment lines at the end of December 2022



4. Summary

Summary



1. Quarter 3 results of Financial Year ending March 2023

- Continued revenue and operating profit increase with price and volume increase, partly helped by weaker JPY
- Higher energy, materials and other costs offset by sales price and volume improvements
- Strong performance in Architectural continued, price pass-through progressed further in Automotive
- Decline in sales volume reflecting lockdown in China and costs rise leading to worse profitability in Technical glass
- Maintaining shareholder's equity ratio above RP24 target of 10%

2. Forecast for Financial Year ending March 2023

- Full-year forecast revised upward reflecting relatively strong cumulative performance
- Continuous impact of input cost increases anticipated, with higher energy costs and worldwide inflation trend
- Focusing on profitability improvement through continuous cost reduction, expansion of VA products and price increase across the whole Group

3. Update of Transformation Initiatives under Revival Plan 24

- <u>Business structure reform</u>: Construction started to install online coating capacity for solar energy glass to an existing float furnace in Malaysia (Aiming at start of production from 2024/3 Q3)

 Solar energy glass expansion also under consideration in USA
- Restoration of financial stability: Maintaining shareholders' equity ratio above RP24 target of 10%

Notice



The projections contained in this document are based on information currently available to us and certain assumptions that we consider to be reasonable. Hence the actual results may differ. The major factors that may affect the results are the economic and competitive environment in major markets, product supply and demand shifts, currency exchange and interest rate fluctuations, changes in supply of raw materials and fuel and changes and laws and regulations, but not limited.

Nippon Sheet Glass Company, Limited

Appendices



Financial Year ending 31 March 2023 Quarter 3 Results

- Consolidated Income Statement Quarterly Trend
- Revenue & Operating Profit Quarterly Trend
- Segmental Information by Quarter
- Revenue & Operating Profit by Region
- Exceptional Items
- Foreign Currency Exchange Rates and Sensitivity
- Depreciation & Amortization, Capital Expenditures, R&D Expenditures
- Energy Cost Breakdown

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Consolidated Income Statement – Quarterly Trend

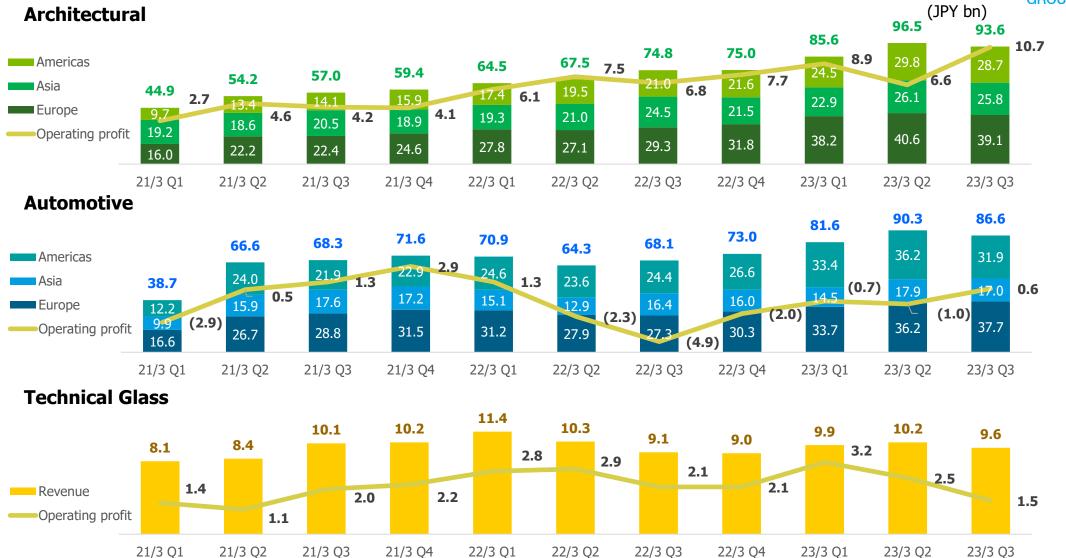


toni N		2021	/3			202	2/3			2023/3	
(JPY bn)	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
Revenue	91.9	129.7	135.8	141.9	147.7	143.0	152.3	157.6	177.9	197.7	190.6
Operating profit/(loss)	(0.6)	3.8	4.8	5.0	7.2	5.5	1.8	5.5	8.3	6.2	9.7
Operating profit margin	-	2.9%	3.5%	3.6%	4.8%	3.9%	1.2%	3.5%	4.6%	3.1%	5.1%
Exceptional items (COVID-19 related)	(11.5)	(1.3)	(1.2)	(2.1)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Operating profit/(loss) after COVID-19 related exceptional items	(12.1)	2.5	3.6	3.0	7.2	5.5	1.8	5.5	8.3	6.2	9.7
Exceptional items (net)	(0.1)	(0.8)	1.0	(6.1)	(0.2)	4.7	(0.2)	(0.7)	2.3	(47.3)	1.0
Operating profit/(loss) after exceptional items	(12.2)	1.7	4.6	(3.1)	7.0	10.2	1.7	4.8	10.6	(41.1)	10.7
Finance expenses (net)	(2.4)	(3.0)	(2.1)	(3.5)	(2.9)	(2.9)	(3.2)	(3.4)	(2.8)	(3.7)	(4.8)
Impairment of financial receivables owed by joint ventures and associates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(3.4)	-	-	-
Share of JVs and associates' profits	(0.4)	0.2	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.9	2.2	1.9	2.2	1.0	2.1
Other gains/(losses) on equity method investments	-	-	-	0.6	-	-	-	(3.4)	(1.2)	0.5	(0.4)
Profit/(loss) before taxation	(14.9)	(1.1)	3.5	(4.7)	5.5	9.2	0.7	(3.6)	8.8	(43.4)	7.7
Profit/(loss) for the period	(16.5)	(0.7)	3.7	(2.8)	2.9	6.7	1.0	(3.8)	3.3	(40.3)	2.2
Net profit/(loss) *	(16.4)	(0.9)	3.4	(3.0)	2.5	6.1	0.0	(4.5)	2.4	(41.2)	1.7
EBITDA	6.1	12.7	13.5	14.5	16.5	14.6	11.1	14.4	18.0	16.1	20.2

*Profit/(loss) attributable to owners of the parent

Revenue & Operating Profit – Quarterly Trend





Segmental Information by Quarter



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			2021/3					2022/3			2023/3			
(JPY bn)	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Cum.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Cum.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Cum.
Revenue: Architectural	44.9	54.2	57.0	59.4	215.5	64.5	67.5	74.8	75.0	281.8	85.6	96.5	93.6	275.7
Europe	16.0	22.2	22.4	24.5	85.2	27.8	27.1	29.3	31.8	116.0	38.2	40.6	39.1	118.0
Asia	19.2	18.6	20.5	18.9	77.2	19.3	21.0	24.5	21.5	86.2	22.9	26.1	25.8	74.8
Americas	9.7	13.4	14.1	16.0	53.1	17.4	19.4	21.0	21.6	79.5	24.5	29.8	28.7	83.0
Operating profit	2.7	4.6	4.3	4.1	15.7	6.1	7.5	6.8	7.7	28.1	8.9	6.6	10.7	26.2
OP after COVID*	(2.2)	4.1	3.8	3.4	9.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue: Automotive	38.7	66.7	68.2	71.6	245.2	70.9	64.3	68.1	73.0	276.2	81.6	90.3	86.6	258.4
Europe	16.6	26.7	28.8	31.5	103.6	31.2	27.9	27.3	30.3	116.7	33.7	36.2	37.7	107.6
Asia	9.9	15.9	17.6	17.3	60.6	15.1	12.9	16.4	16.0	60.4	14.5	17.9	17.0	49.4
Americas	12.2	24.1	21.9	22.9	81.0	24.6	23.6	24.4	26.6	99.2	33.4	36.2	31.9	101.5
Operating profit	(2.9)	0.5	1.3	2.9	1.8	1.3	(2.3)	(4.9)	(2.0)	(7.9)	(0.7)	(1.0)	0.6	(1.1)
OP after COVID*	(9.3)	(0.6)	0.4	1.7	(7.8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue: Technical	8.1	8.4	10.1	10.2	36.8	11.4	10.3	9.1	9.0	39.8	9.9	10.2	9.6	29.8
Europe	1.3	1.4	1.8	1.9	6.4	2.1	1.8	2.0	2.0	7.9	2.1	2.5	2.2	6.8
Asia	6.5	6.7	8.0	8.1	29.3	9.0	8.2	6.8	6.6	30.6	7.5	7.3	7.0	21.8
Americas	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	1.1	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	1.3	0.4	0.5	0.4	1.2
Operating profit	1.4	1.1	2.0	2.2	6.7	2.8	2.9	2.1	2.1	9.9	3.2	2.5	1.5	7.2
OP after COVID*	1.2	1.0	2.1	2.2	6.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue: Other	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.6	1.7	0.9	0.8	0.3	0.7	2.7	0.8	0.7	0.9	2.3
Operating profit	(1.8)	(2.3)	(2.8)	(4.2)	(11.1)	(3.1)	(2.5)	(2.2)	(2.4)	(10.1)	(3.1)	(1.9)	(3.1)	(8.2)
OP after COVID*	(1.8)	(2.0)	(2.7)	(4.3)	(10.8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue: Total	91.9	129.7	135.8	141.9	499.2	147.7	143.0	152.3	157.6	600.6	177.9	197.7	190.6	566.2
Operating profit	(0.6)	3.8	4.8	5.0	13.1	7.2	5.5	1.8	5.5	20.0	8.3	6.2	9.7	24.2
OP after COVID*	(12.1)	2.5	3.6	3.0	(3.0)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Revenue & Operating Profit – by Region



(JPY bn)	2	022/3 Q3 Cun	n.	2	023/3 Q3 Cum	Change		
	Revenue	%	Operating profit/(loss)	Revenue	%	Operating profit	Revenue	Operating profit/(loss)
Europe	176.5	40%	(1.5)	232.4	41%	6.2	55.9	7.7
Asia	133.1	30%	15.7	145.9	26%	16.1	12.8	0.4
Americas	131.4	30%	8.0	185.6	33%	10.0	54.3	2.0
Other *	2.0	0%	(7.7)	2.3	0%	(8.2)	0.3	(0.4)
Total	443.0	100%	14.5	566.2	100%	24.2	123.3	9.6

^{*} Revenue and Operating loss of Other Operation are not split by geographical regions.

Exceptional Items



(JPY bn)	2022/3 Q3 Cum.	2023/3 Q3 Cum.
Restructuring costs	(0.1)	(0.2)
Impairment of goodwill & intangible assets	-	(48.8)
Settlement of litigation matters - net	(0.3)	2.7
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries and businesses	4.4	1.5
Gain on disposal of non-current assets	-	0.6
Others	0.4	0.2
Exceptional items - net	4.4	(43.9)

Foreign Currency Exchange Rates and Sensitivity

Average rates used

	2021/3					202	2/3	2023/3			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
GBP	133	135	136	139	153	152	153	153	163	163	164
EUR	118	121	123	124	132	131	131	130	138	139	140
USD	107	106	106	106	109	109	112	112	129	134	137
BRR	19.9	19.8	19.7	19.7	20.6	20.8	20.7	21.0	26.4	26.4	26.5
ARS		Closing rates are applied – hyperinflation									

Closing rates used

	2021/3					202	22/3	2023/3			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3
GBP	132	135	141	152	153	150	156	160	165	161	160
EUR	121	124	127	130	132	129	131	136	142	141	140
USD	107	105	103	111	111	112	116	122	136	145	132
BRR	19.9	18.7	19.8	19.1	22.3	20.6	20.4	25.5	26.2	26.7	25.7
ARS	1.53	1.38	1.22	1.20	1.16	1.13	1.12	1.10	1.09	0.98	0.76

Sensitivity

Increase (decrease) if the value of the yen depreciates by 1% - all other things being equal

	2022/3
Equity	JPY 4.0 billion
Profit for the period	Improve by JPY 0.1 billion

Depreciation & Amortization, Capital Expenditures, R&D Expenditures



(JPY bn)	2022/3 Q3 Cum	2023/3 Q3 Cum	2023/3 Full-year Forecast
Depreciation & Amortization	27.7	30.2	39.0
Capital expenditures	15.3	26.3	40.0
Ordinary	13.4	22.6	
Strategic projects and other	1.9	3.7	
R&D expenditures	6.1	6.8	9.5
Architectural	1.8	2.1	
Automotive	1.8	2.0	
Technical Glass	0.7	0.7	
Other	1.8	2.0	

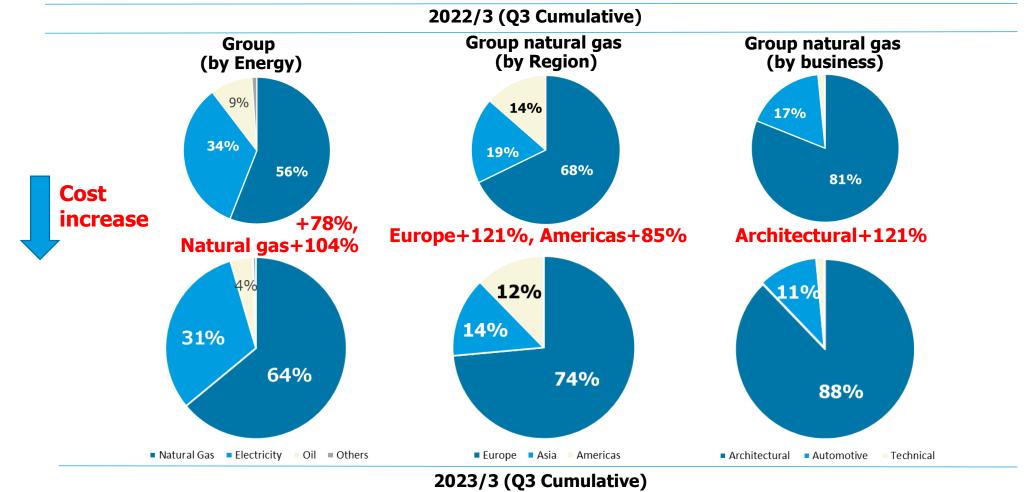
Energy Cost Breakdown (2022/3→2023/3)



Energy costs +78%* YoY for the Group, +104% for natural gas.

Natural gas prices still in high levels, although declined during Q3.

Huge cost pressures in Europe and Americas by region, and in Architectural by business



Energy Cost Breakdown (by region)



Significant impact to worldwide energy costs by natural gas price hike, especially in Europe and Americas

